Modernizing Scientific Software Development

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• Branching without the insanity

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Challenges

To increase forecast skill we need:

- Improved representation of physical processes
- More accurate numerical methods
- Improved initial conditions
- Higher resolution

Challenges

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- Improved representation of physical processes
- More accurate numerical methods
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And something else...

Challenges

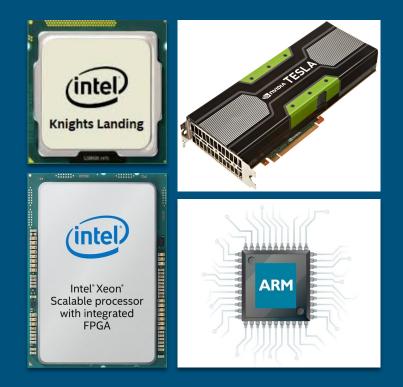
To advance modeling capabilities we need

HIGH QUALITY SOFTWARE

Software Challenges

Rapidly evolving hardware

- Performance portability
- Optimal code structures vary
 - IJK vs KIJ vs ?
- Single source not feasible?
- Flexible design vs optimal performance
- Legacy code modification restrictions



More Fundamental Software Challenges

- Lack of investment in software development
 - Tools, people, expertise, rigorous processes
- Having tools is not sufficient
 - You also have to know how to use them
- Sloppy code management
 - Multiple mirrors, unclear policies, stifling of collaboration
- Conflation of science with software
 - Inadequate testing of software correctness
- Leveraging previous success
 - Avoiding previous failures
- Cultural inertia

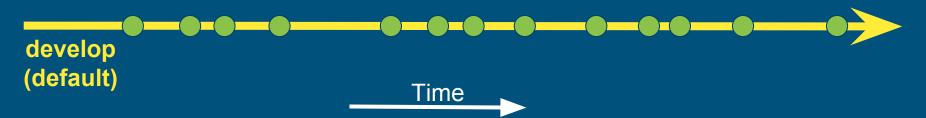


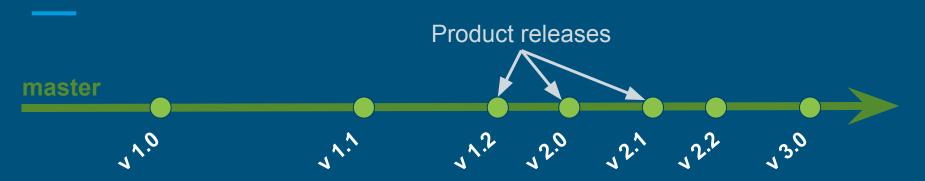
Repository Branching Run Amok

- No discernable repository branching methodology
- Free-for-all branching
- No authoritative "stable" development branch
- Unbounded scope/purpose
- Infinite lifespan
- Branches not merged back to main development
- Branches do not keep up with main development

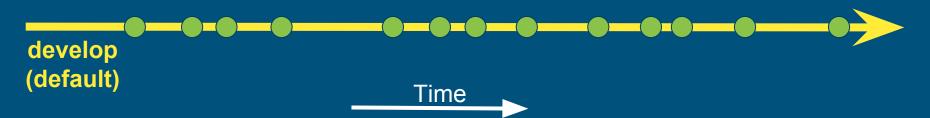


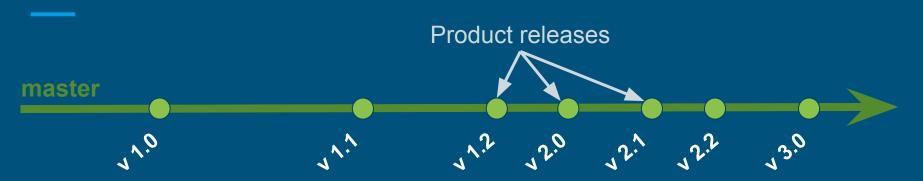
Permanent branches



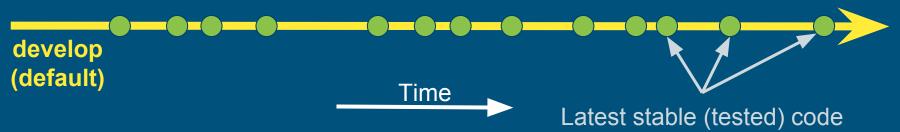


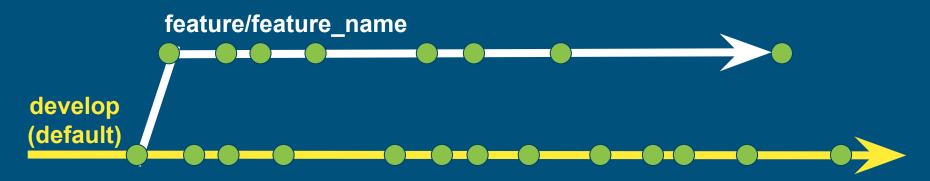
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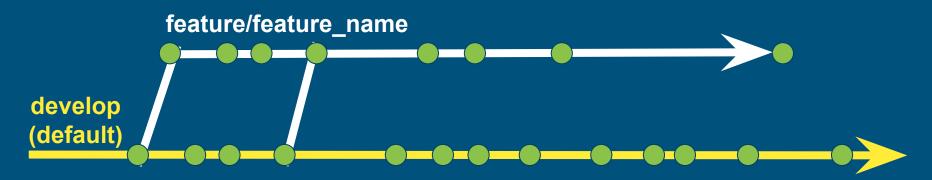
Permanent branches





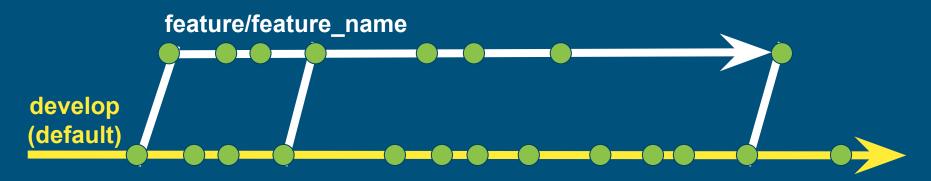
Feature branches





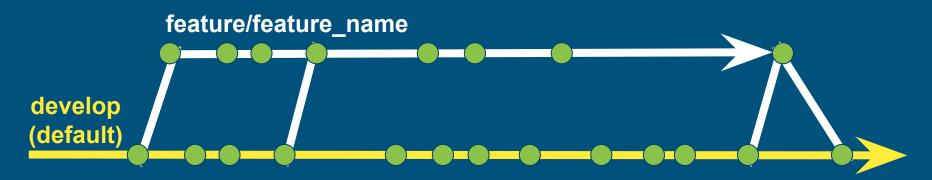
Feature branches





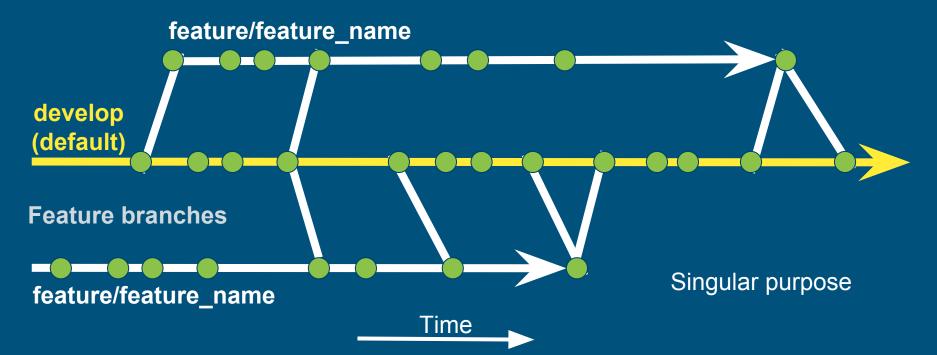
Feature branches

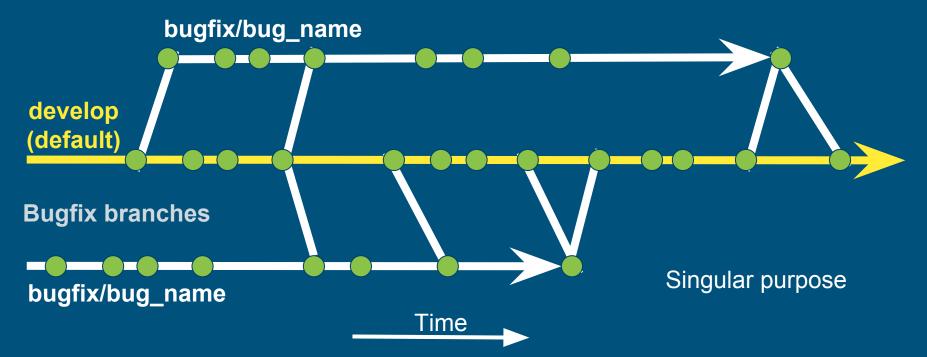


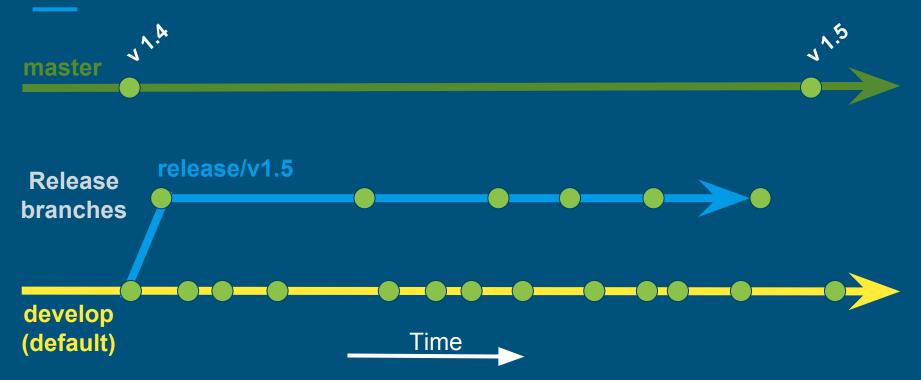


Feature branches

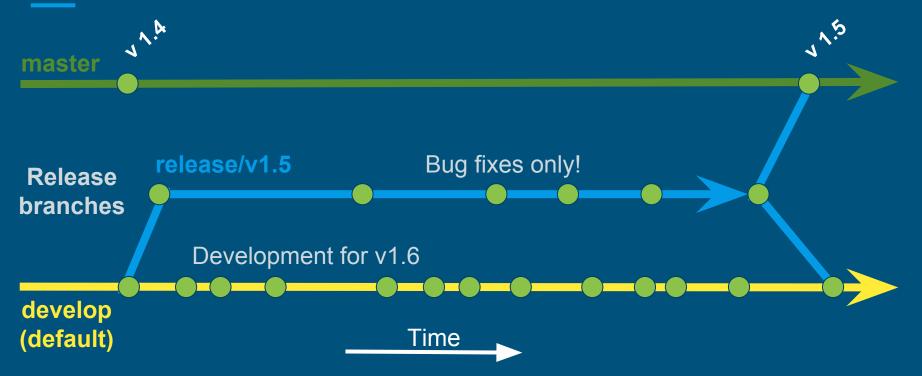


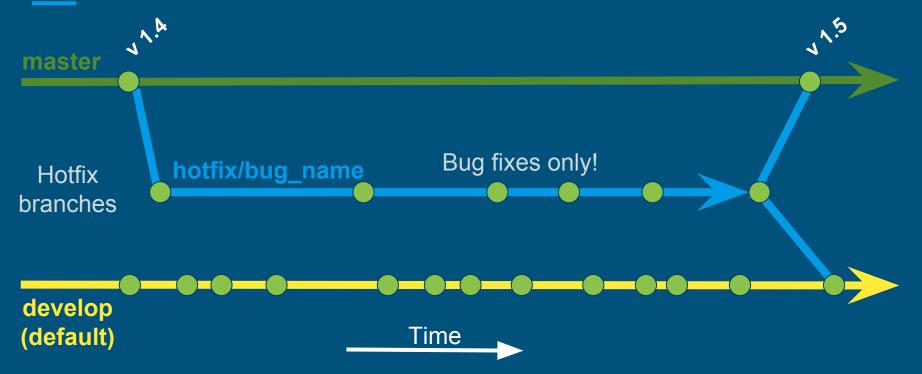


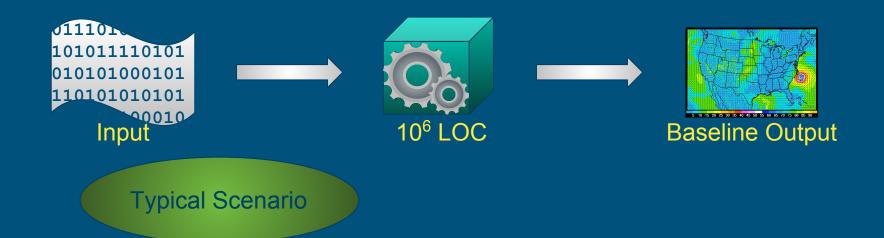


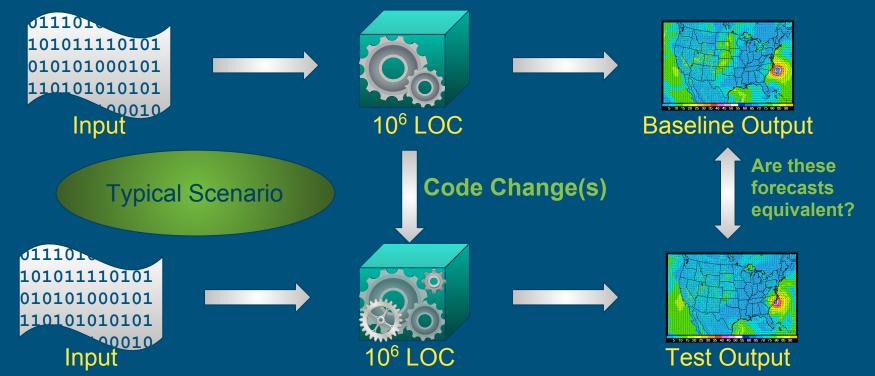


Branch Management With Git-Flow V1.5 1.4 master release/v1.5 Bug fixes only! Release branches Development for v1.6 develop (default) Time









Several problems with reliance on system level tests

- Focus is on testing the "model" instead of the "software"
- Does not provide error localization when failures are detected
- Trillions of operations performed exacerbate comparison of results
- High levels of test coverage are difficult to achieve
- Often masks serious errors
- Undetected bugs are allowed into the "stable" repository branches

A better way....

- Test the science AND the software
 - Theoretical system, computational system, software implementation
- Test multiple quality factors
 - Performance, reliability, correctness, portability
- Test at all granularities
 - Unit tests, integration tests, system tests
- Write new code → Write new tests

Rules of engagement

- Automate tests / continuous integration
- Require pull requests for merges
- Require reviews for pull requests
- No pull requests merged unless all tests pass
- Pull requests must supply tests for all new code

Test project /scratch4/BMC/gsd-hpcs/Christopher.W.Harrop/Exascale-DA/build_theia_intel			
Start 1: shallow_water_config_arglist			
	<pre>shallow_water_config_arglist</pre>	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_config_nlfile		
	<pre>shallow_water_config_nlfile</pre>	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_config_nlunit		
	<pre>shallow_water_config_nlunit</pre>	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_model_matlab_regression		
	<pre>shallow_water_model_matlab_regression</pre>	Passed	22.94 sec
	shallow_water_model_init_default		
	<pre>shallow_water_model_init_default</pre>	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_model_init_optional		
	<pre>shallow_water_model_init_optional</pre>	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_model_adv_nsteps		
	<pre>shallow_water_model_adv_nsteps</pre>	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_model_regression		
	shallow_water_model_regression	Passed	0.02 sec
	shallow_water_reader		
	shallow_water_reader	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_writer	D	
	shallow_water_writer	Passed	0.02 sec
	shallow_water_tl_init_default shallow_water_tl_init_default	Dd	0.01
	shallow_water_tl_init_defaultshallow_water_tl_init_optional	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_tl_init_optional	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_tl_adv_nsteps	Passea	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_tl_adv_nsteps	Passed	0.19 sec
	shallow_water_adj_init_default	Fusseu	0.19 300
	shallow_water_adj_init_default	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_adj_init_optional	russeu	0.01 300
	shallow_water_adj_init_optional	Passed	0.01 sec
	shallow_water_adj_adv_nsteps	1 400004	0.01 000
	shallow_water_adj_adv_nsteps	Passed	0.20 sec
10 100 #10.			
100% tests passed 0 tests failed out of 16			

Total Test time (real) = 23.55 sec [Christopher.W.Harrop@Theia:tfe03 build_theia_intel]\$

Scientific software design challenges

- Poor software design quality throttles scientific progress
- Requirements are often poorly defined up front
- Requirements driven by scientific discovery process
- Evolving requirements make extensibility and reproducibility difficult
- Maintainability needs to be prioritized in design

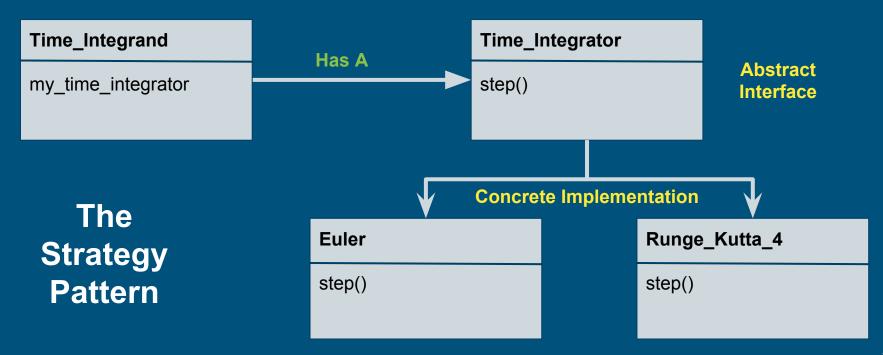
A case for scientific software design patterns

- Reusable code → Reusable designs
- Robust recipes for solutions to common design problems
- Innocculate code against future changes
- Provide lexicon for discussing design properties

A case for scientific software design patterns

- Adoption of classic patterns to scientific software
- Identify new patterns specific to scientific problems
- Build a common repository of robust design elements for the community
 - Requires community collaboration
- Anti-patterns \rightarrow Repository of how NOT to design is also useful

A case for scientific software design patterns



Conclusions

• Investment in software quality is required for improvements in science

- o process/design/maintainability
- We can learn from commercial software engineering industry
 - Git-Flow branching model
 - Test-driven development
 - Design patterns
- Automation should be maximized to minimize human error