

### Building Computing and Data Centres for ExaScale in the EU

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#### The EU Route to Exa-Scale

- 2015 First H2020 Exa-Scale Projects (Subject area focus)
- 2017 First Co-Design Projects
- $\approx$  2019/20 First ExaScale Demonstrators
- $\cong$  2023/24 First ExaScale Machine Turned On





#### ExaScale, what do we Expect?

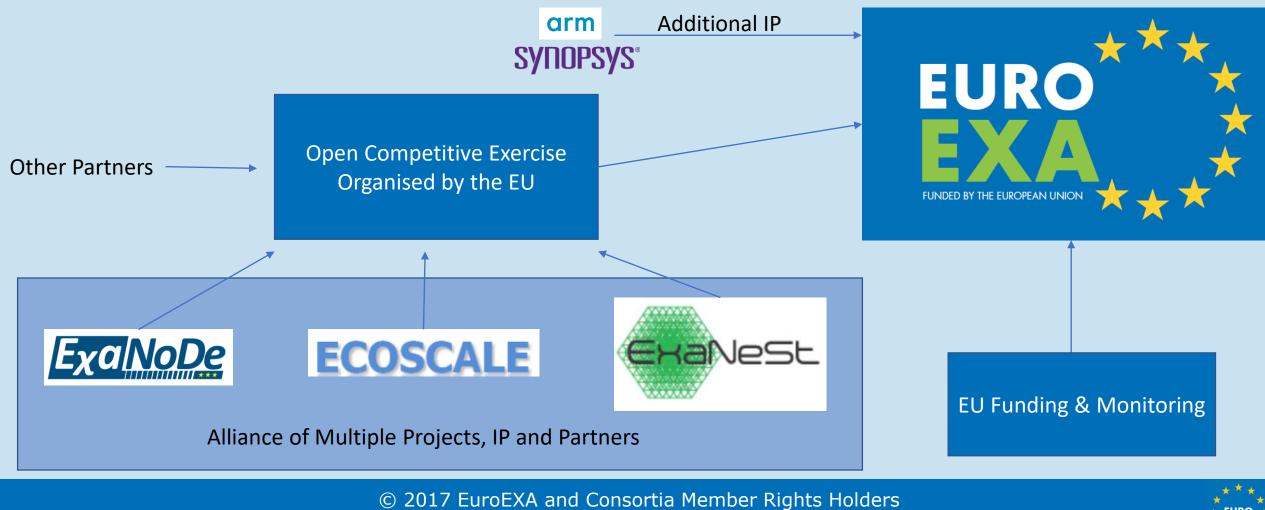
- 1. 1 Billion Billion (10^18) FLOPs or equivalent
- 2. Approx. €500m per system
- 3. 20MW-60MW of Power
- 4. EU expected to procure 2 systems, one from EU only Consortia
- 5. EU spending substantially in NRE to build an Ecosystem to Deliver
- 6. Time-scales of 2023 for switch-on
- 2 €100m "Pre Exa-Scale machines" and (maybe) €40m "Exa-Scale Demonstrators" deployed in the meantime.







#### What is EuroEXA?



Project ID: 754337



# EuroExa: European co-design for exascale applications

The Horizon 2020 EuroExa project proposes a groundbreaking design for mind-blowing results: over four times more performance and four times more energy efficiency than today's High-Performance Computing platforms.



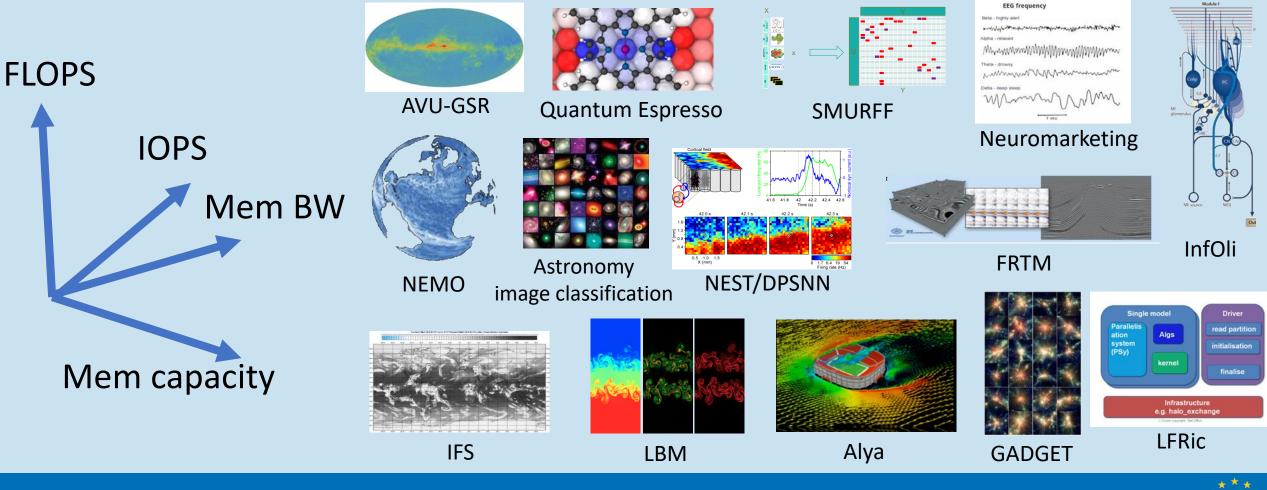
#### Who Have Been Selected?







## EuroEXA: co-design, demonstration and evaluation using exascale-class apps





Paul Carpenter, EuroEXA & ExaNoDe Co-designed Applications and Software Stack \* \* \* \* \* EURO \* \* EXA \*



#### Why these 14 applications?

- 10 strong European application partners
- 14 applications covering three important application domains
  - Climate and weather (LFRic, NEMO, IFS)
  - Physics and energy (LBM, Alya, GADGET, AVU-GSR, FRTM, Astronomy image classification, Quantum E)
  - Life science and bioinformatics (NEST, Neuromarketing, InfOli, SMURFF)
- These domains will require exascale computing in near future
- ALYA, GADGET, NEMO and Quantum ESPRESSO part of PRACE UEABS
- Applications for porting, demonstration, evaluation and co-design





#### **Big Challenges For Exa-Scale**

- 1. Programming models & Applications
- 2. Resilience and Reliability
- 3. Supply Chain
- 4. Scalability
- 5. Latency/Cooling/Density/Distance
- 6. Energy Effectiveness





### Energy is King

• Dr Moore's Law –

The observation that the number of transistors in a dense integrated circuit doubles about every two years

• Dr Koomey's Law –

Describes a long-term trend in the history of computing hardware. The number of computations per joule of energy dissipated has been doubling approximately every 1.57 years.

• Dr Shannon & Dr Hartley -

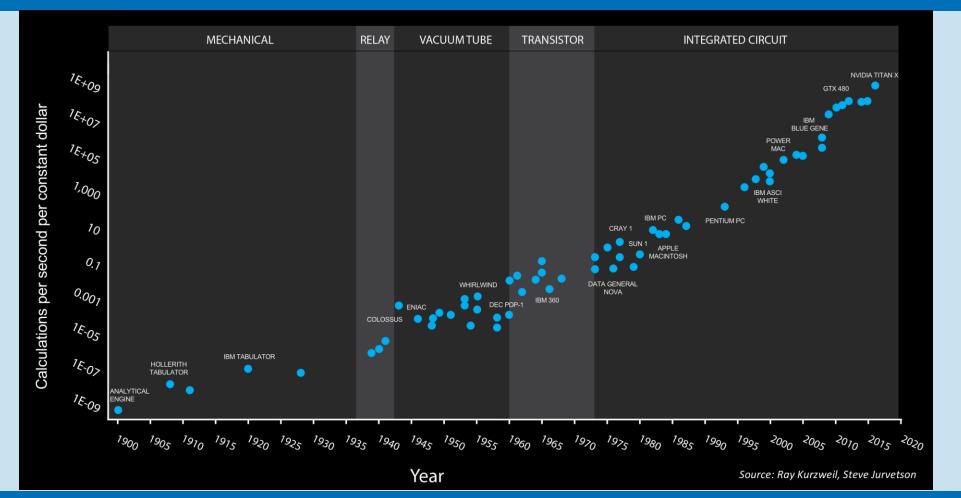
Describes bandwidth with respect to signal power and noise of a channel.





#### Dr Moore

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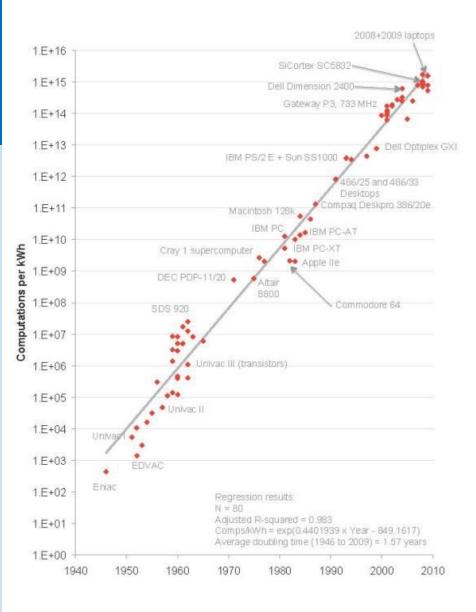






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#### Dr Shannon & Dr Hartley-

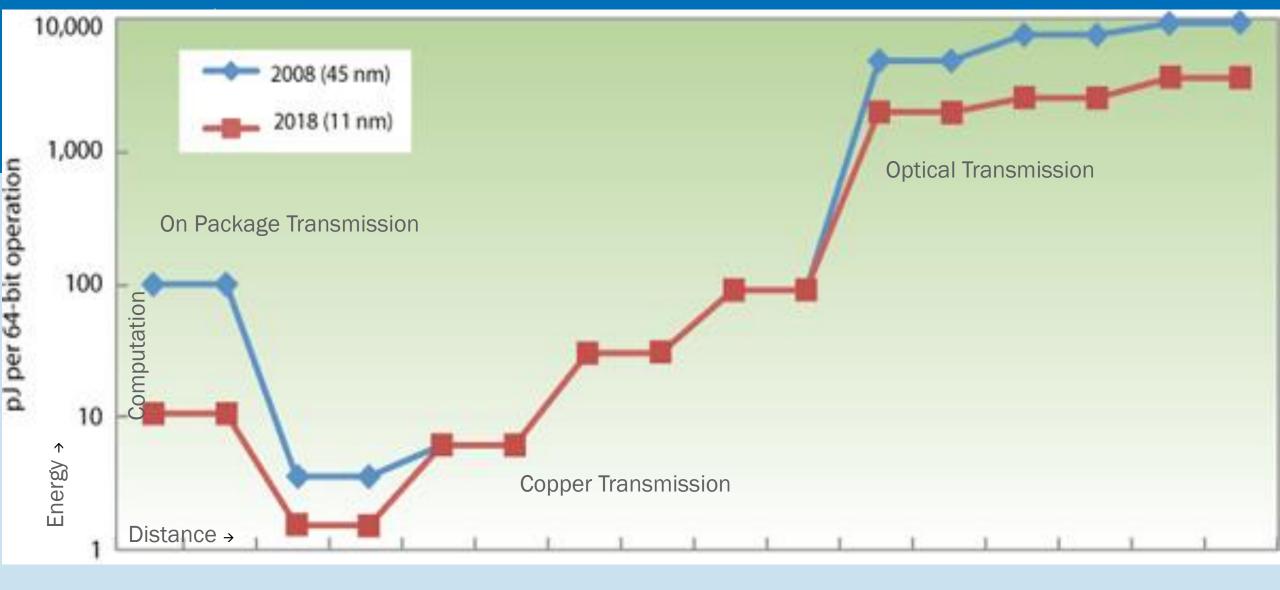
#### 1928/1948 Bell Labs

Describes bandwidth with respect to signal power and noise of a channel.

bandwidth of the channel  $C = B \log_2 \left(1 + S/N\right)$ signal-to-noise Channel capacity ratio in bits/s

**OR**, it can be re-presented as the **minimum amount of energy** required to transmit a bit of data over a channel with an environment of noise.









#### Redefining High Density....

- Not 10kW per Cabinet,
- But 60MW in a <40m Diameter
- Leading to 200kW in a conventional Cabinet footprint
- Requires a rethink...





#### Co-Design; The Next 3 Years

- 3 Testbeds will be deployed to test the co-design of selected technologies
  - **Testbed 1** will be installed in early 2018, providing 50 nodes of new technology for software development.
  - **Testbed 2** will be installed in early 2019, providing 500 nodes and new infrastructure technologies to test scaling
  - **Testbed 3** will be installed in 2020, to test new node and processor technologies that will ultimately deliver Exa-Scale







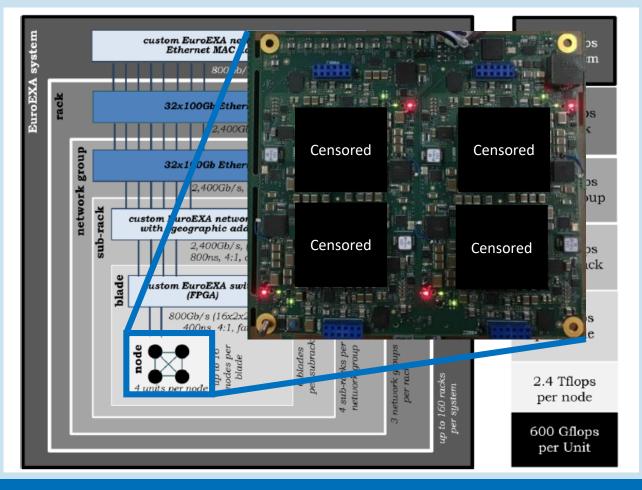
#### **Architectural Features**

- UniMem
- PGAS (Partitioned Global Address Space)
- Reprogrammable Accelerators with Partial Reconfiguration
- Flexible, High Speed, Low Latency Network (INFN/UoM)





#### System architecture and technology: Testbed 1 compute node



#### Initial technology from FORTH (QFDB)

- 12 cm x 13 cm
- 4 ARM Processors and 4 FPGA Accelerators
- M.2 SSD
- 4 x SODIMMs + Onboard RAM
- Daughterboard style
- 160 Gb/s of I/O





### Technology – (Codesign)DB



#### **Original plan: QFDB** Four Xilinx Zynq UltraScale+ ZU9P



**XILINX**®



#### New proposal: CRDB

Xilinx Zynq UltraScale+ ZU9P for interconnect Xilinx Zynq UltraScale+ VU9P for acceleration





#### Advantages of CRDB

- More FPGA resources to help compute heavy applications
- Higher I/O bandwidth and memory bandwidth
- HPC applications already demonstrated on VU9P
  - Maxeler: BQCD, NEMO, QE, SpecFEM3D
- Compatibility with Maxeler and Amazon AWS EC2 F1
- Lower proportion of compute FPGA used for interconnect
- Removes heterogeneity among compute FPGAs

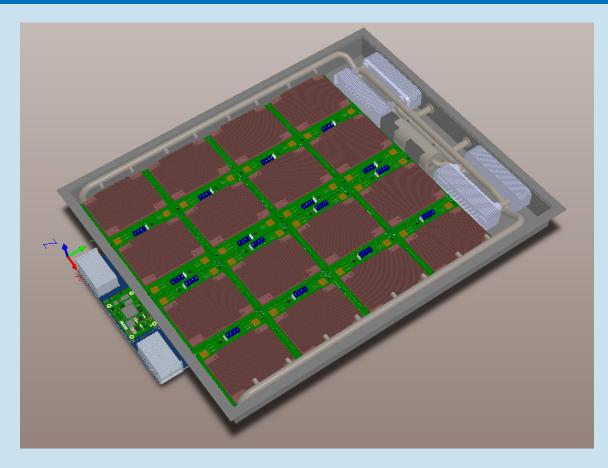




### Technology - Blades

Technology from Iceotope:

- 16 COM Express Extended Nodes
- 1oU Chassis
- High Speed Switch
- 3.2kW per oU
- Total Liquid Cooling technology
- 48v DC distribution
- Hot water out, chiller-less operation







#### Liquid Cooling 2MW Boxes

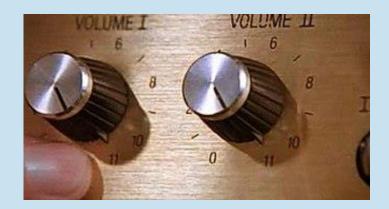
- To Truly Scale:
  - We Needed Zero Airflow = immersion
  - But immersion tanks are usually space inefficient
  - The project used Iceotope technology "immersion without submersion"





#### Turning it up to 11

- >100kW a cabinet needs liquid cooling solutions
- OCP OpenRack <u>is perfect for liquid</u> <u>cooling</u> as it reduces wasted space and maximises density
- Reducing the depth, enables dense facilities
- Distributed DC power enables consolidation of PSUs – also saving space



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4xgx4k83zzc



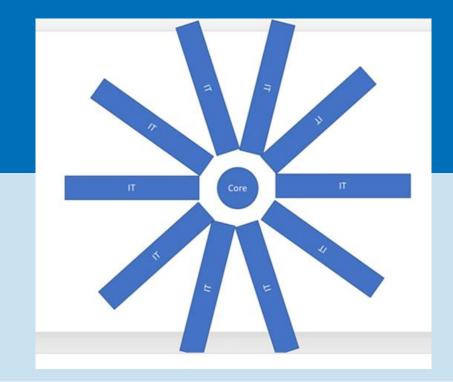
16 X COM Express Extended Boards with AUX 12V

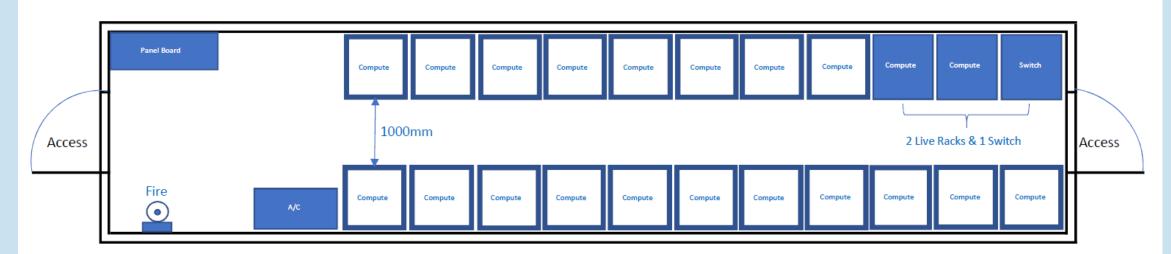
90 Degree "hammerhead" I/O in cable zone

UltraZed board with OpenBMC



60MW in 35m Diameter 10 40ft High-Cube ISOs per layer 3 Layers 2MW per ISO Approx. 110kW per Rack Prototype will feature 1 container, initially with 3 live Racks





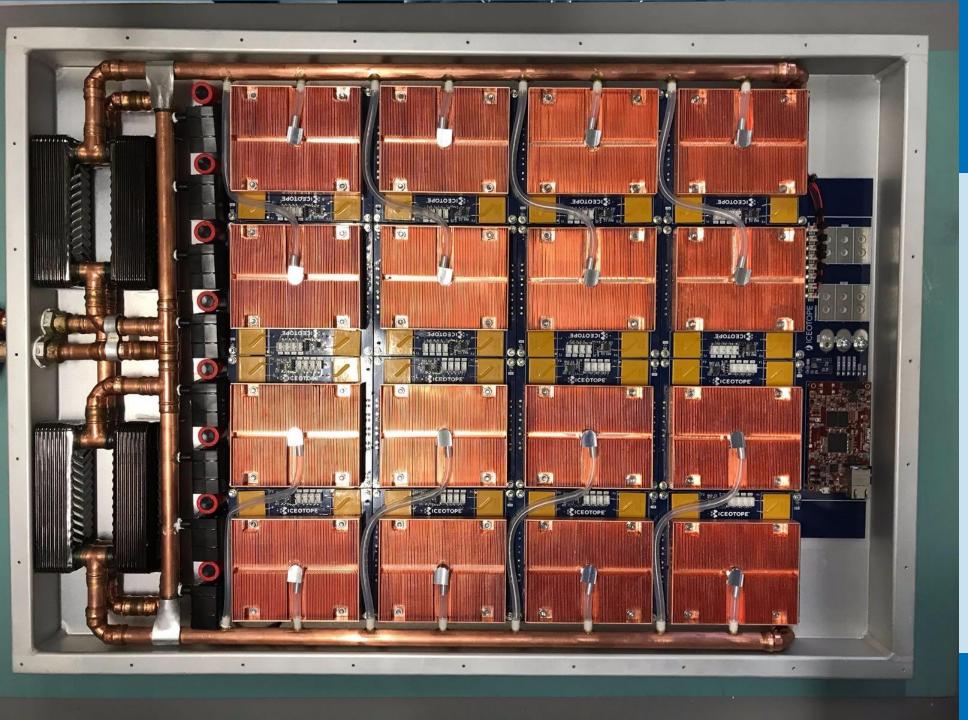




### Liquid Cooling Objectives

- 45C Inlet "Chiller-less" ASHRAE W4/W5
- Ultra-Low Risk Server Coolant System
  - PFPE Coolants, small quantity, non conductive, low dielectric constant.
  - Low Pressure Drop Heat Exchange
- Ultra-Low Risk Facility Coolant System
  - Sub Atmospheric Leak Prevention System





- TED Test Rig
- Thermal-proxy Extra-high Density
- 4kW in 1oU test capacity
- 16 Little Modules





- Immersion without
  Submersion
- Achieved: 47C inlet
  55C outlet
  @3.2kW/OU









### Many Thanks Please Connect at thecoolingguy.me

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