Icelandic Met Office



When hurricanes make it to Iceland

Using ECMWF data to support impact based warnings at IMO

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Using ECMWF forecasts Meeting

Reading, 4. to 8. June 2018

The Basics of IMO

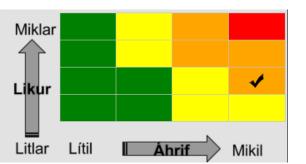


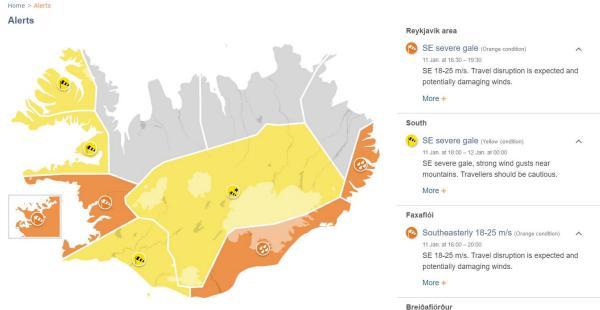
- Icelandic Meteorological Office in Reykjavík, with an avalance forecasting and research centre in Ísafjörður, NW Iceland
- A multi-hazard monitoring and research institute, with meteorological, hydrological, vulcanological and geophysical monitoring 24/7
- 12 forecasters, 6 full time all do aviation, marine, general forecasting and warnings
- Population of ~380.000
- Tourists ~2.000.000

An impact based warning system



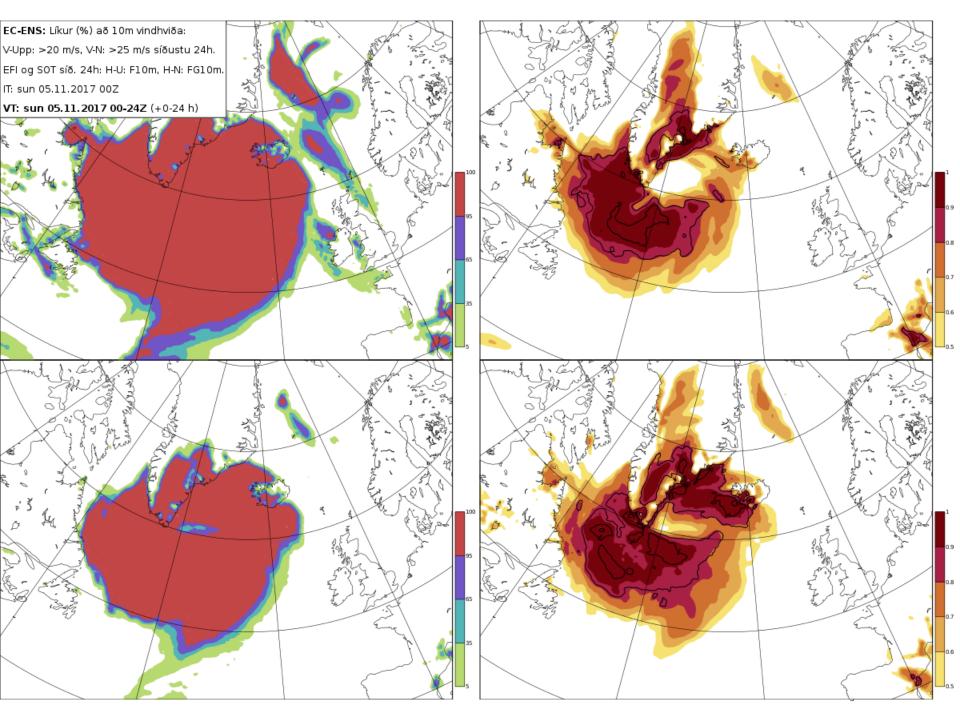
- Introduced to the public on 1. November 2017
- On the first day we issued yellow warnings for day 5





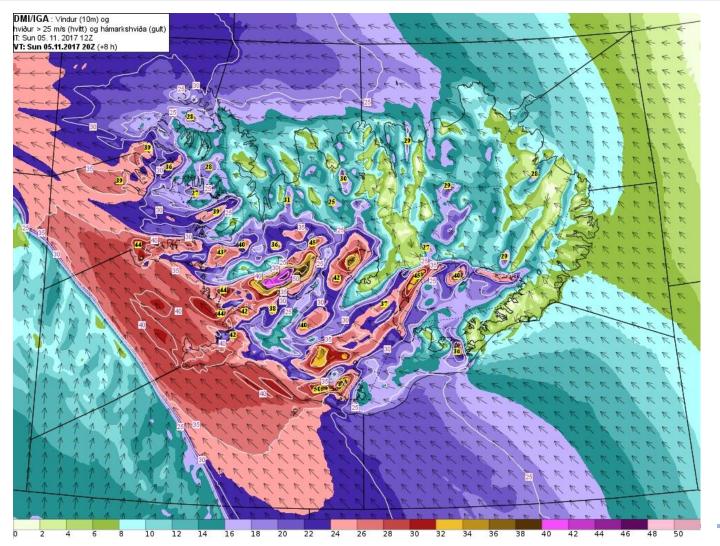
Heads of

Forecasting



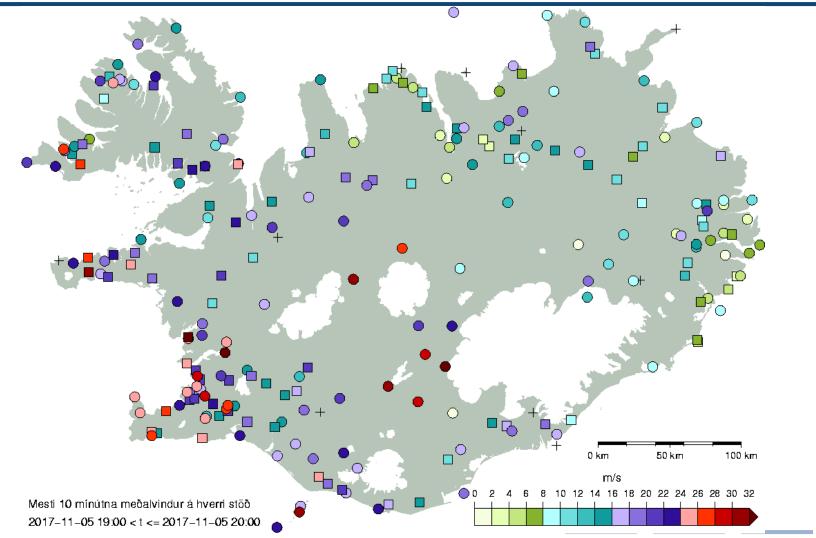
Wind forecast – 10 m winds





minute max winds





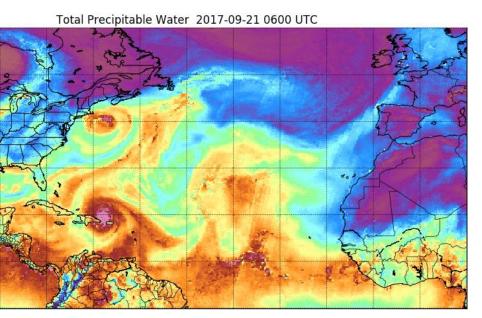
Impact based warnings

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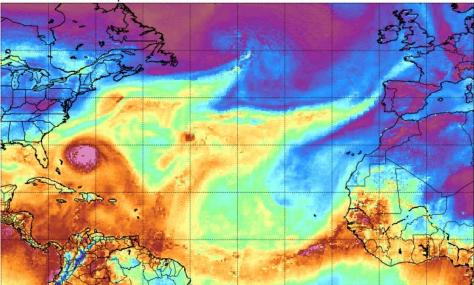
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- While in beta testing we had the most severe impact weathe rof the winter – affecting the impact assessment all winter long
- Flooding due to tropical moisture from Hurricanes Irma and Jose

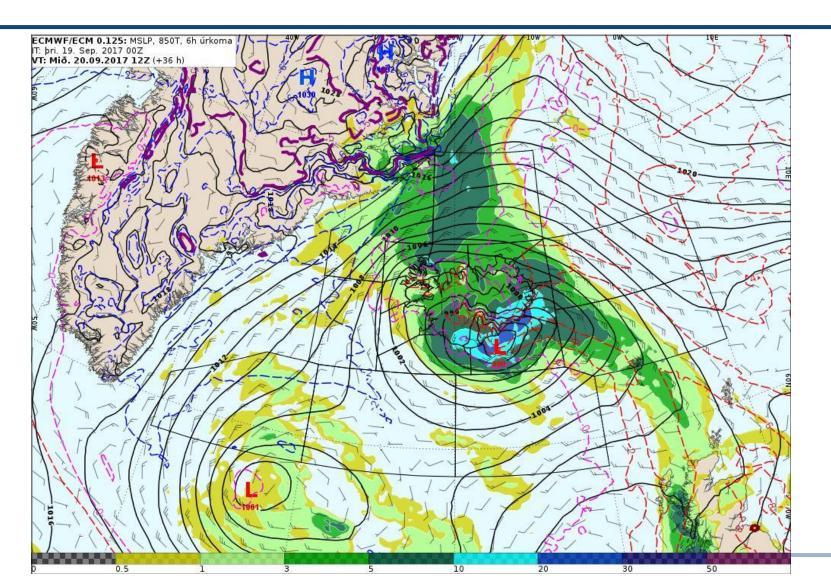


Total Precipitable Water 2017-09-24 0700 UTC



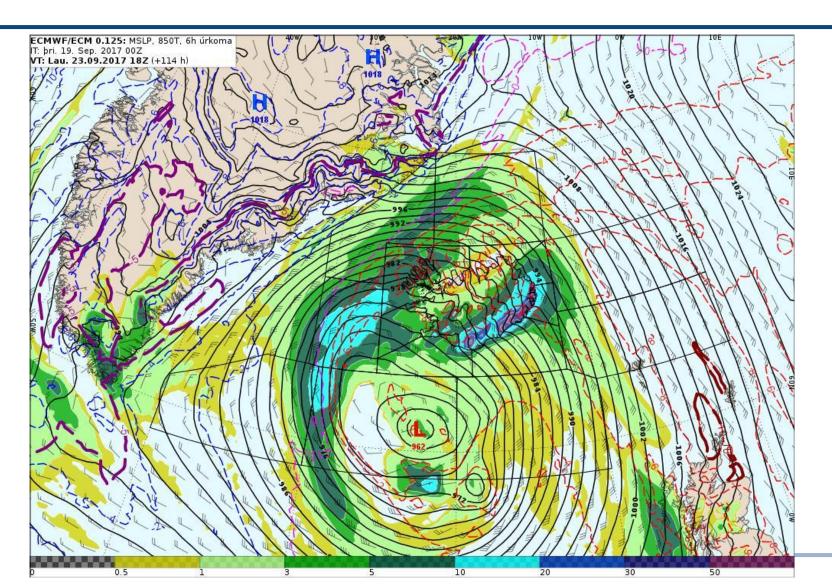
Forecast Tuesday 19 sept. 2017 + 36 h





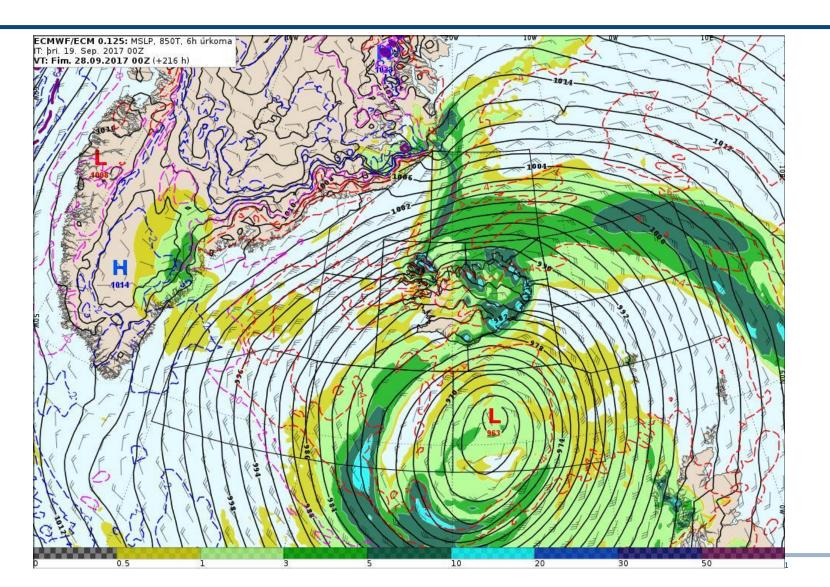
Forecast Tuesday 19 sept. 2017 + 114 h





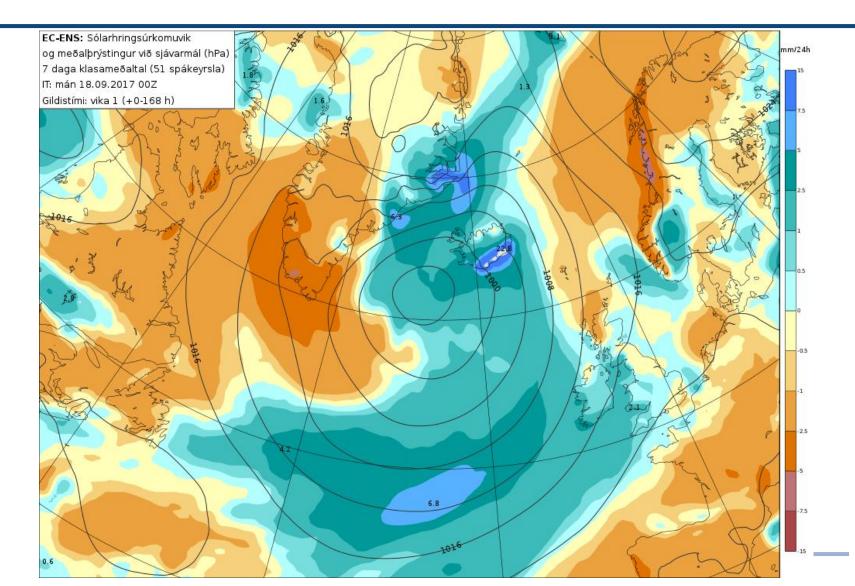
Forecast Tuesday 19 sept. 2017 + 216 h





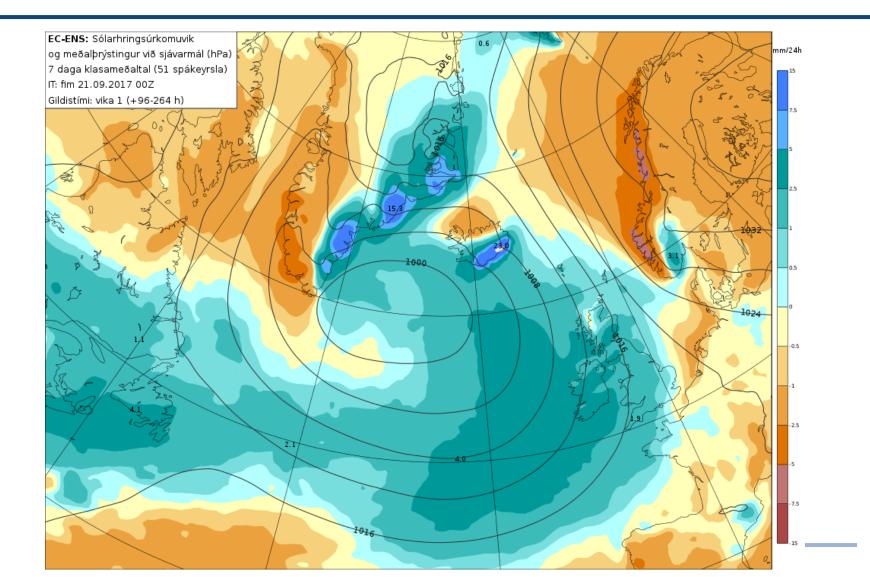
24h precipitation anomalies Monday 18th of September 2017





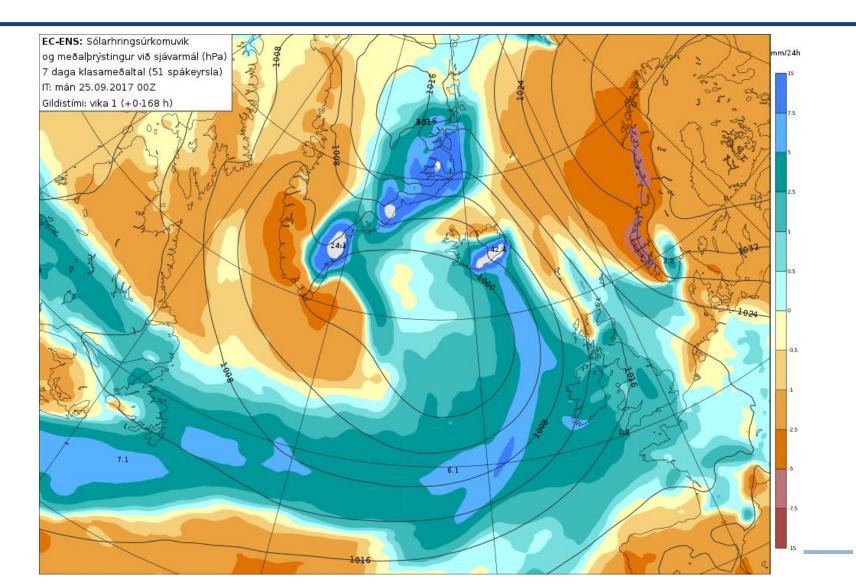
24h precipitation anomalies Thursday 21st of September 2017

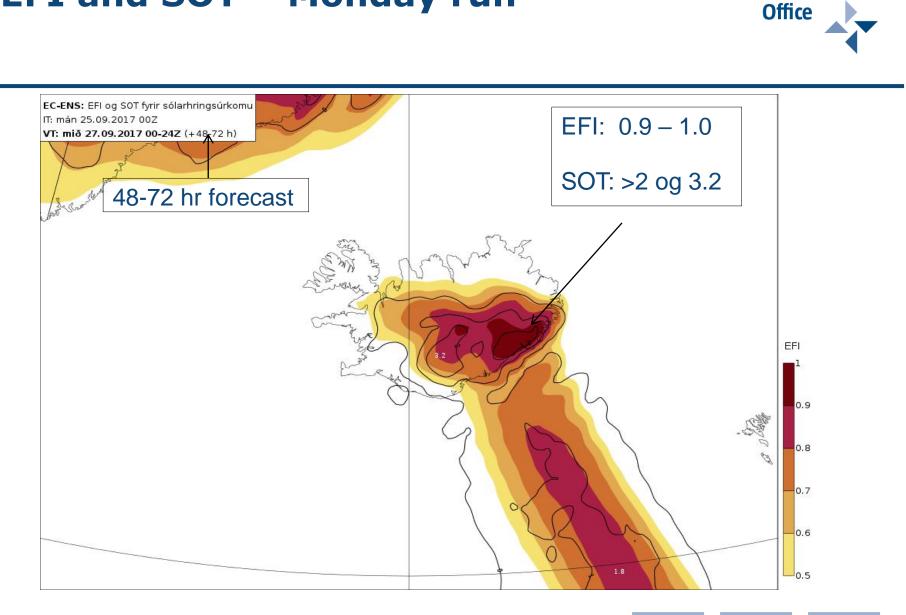




24h precipitation anomalies Monday 25th of September 2017





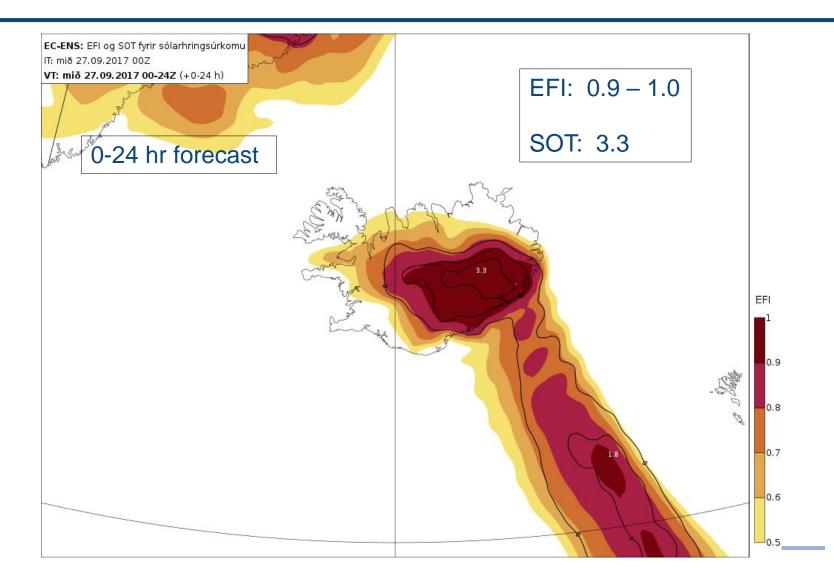


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EFI and SOT – Monday run

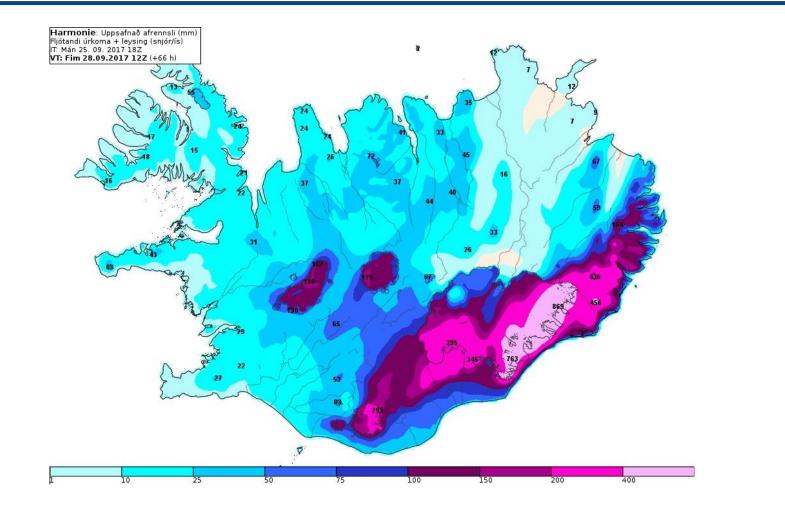
EFI and SOT for 24 hour precipitation, Wednesday run





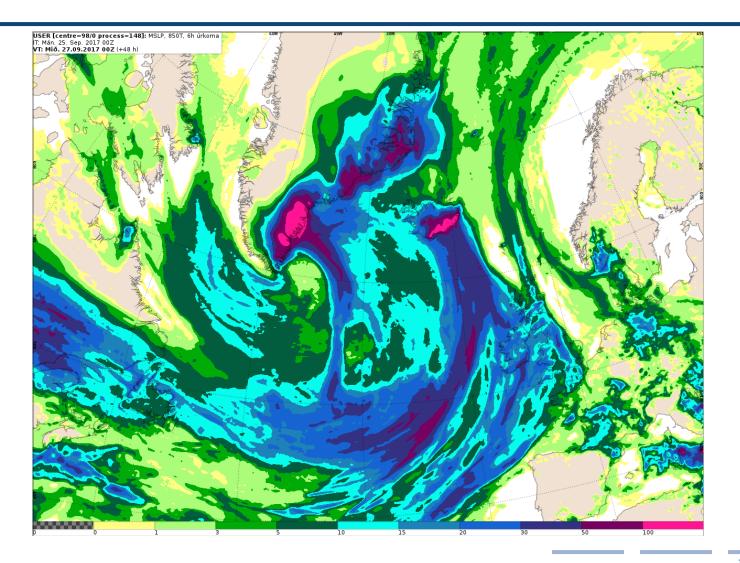
Harmonie-Arome Total Runoff, 66 hour forecast

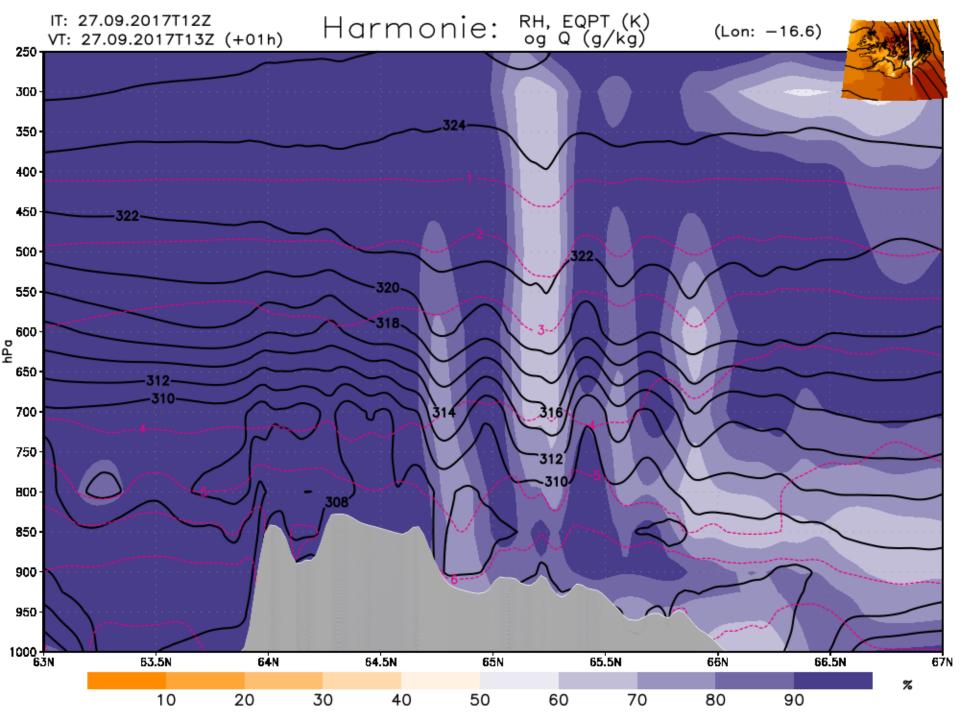




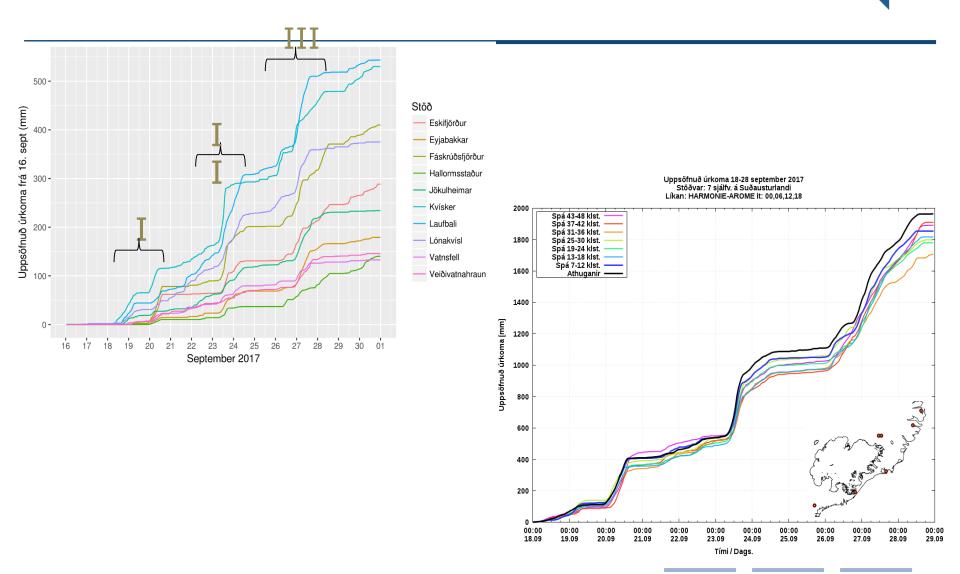
Accumulated Precipitation 48 hrs, 25th to 27th of September







Accumulated precipitation in SE-Iceland

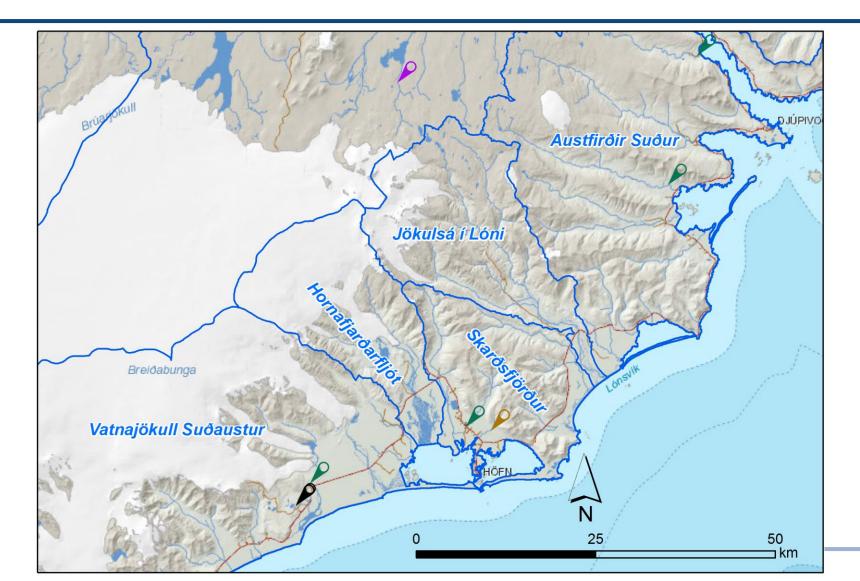


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Main rivers and catchments in the southeast



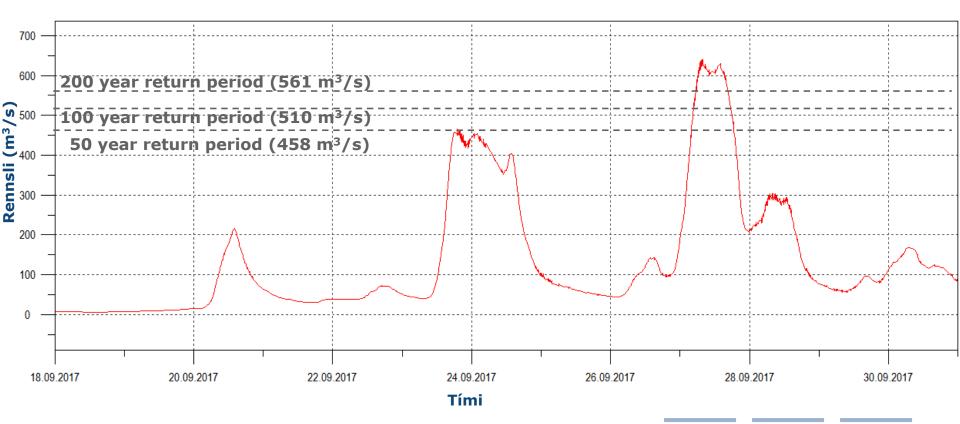


Geithellnaá river – a mixed river fed in part by glacial melt



47 yeas of data, with 26 missing.

Three maximum discharge events from 20th to 29th of September



Geithellnaá river – max discaharge 600 m³/s

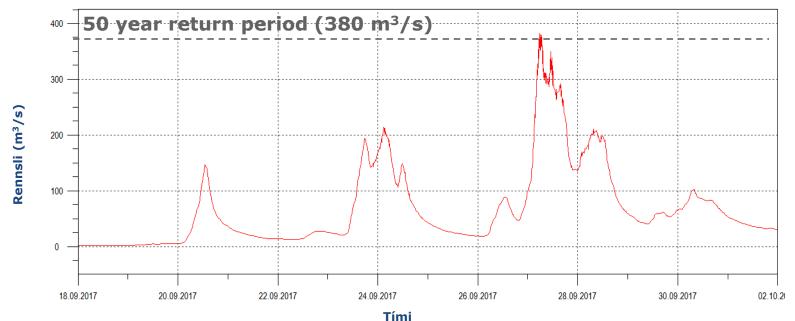




Fossá river – not fed by glacial melt

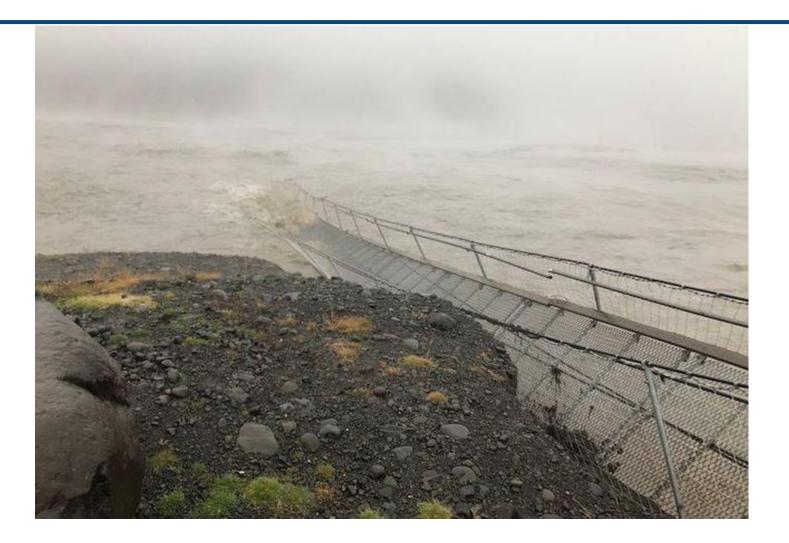


- Continuous measurements from 1970
- Highest discharge levels from the beginning of measurements
- Estimated return period 50-100 years



Damages to roads, bridges, landslides, floods





... and sheep



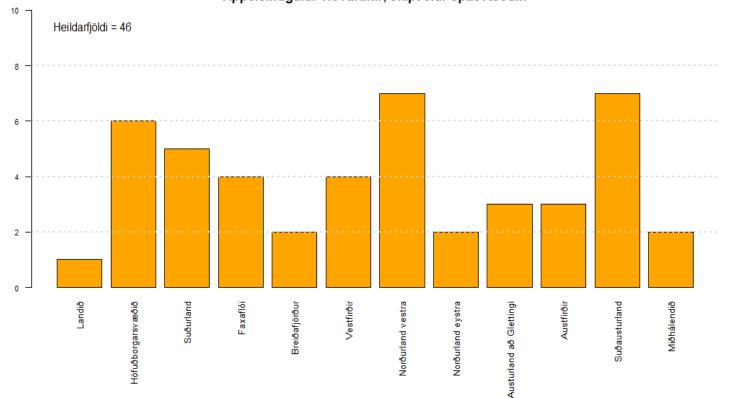


Regarding the warning system



- The system has been well received by the public and stakeholders
- Difficult to get messages to tourists, especially those who travel by themselves
- Yellow fatigue started materializing fairly soon
- Hard to communicate likelihood
- System will be fixed for bugs and minor issues during the summer and forecasters will get more training

Orange warnings by forecast regions

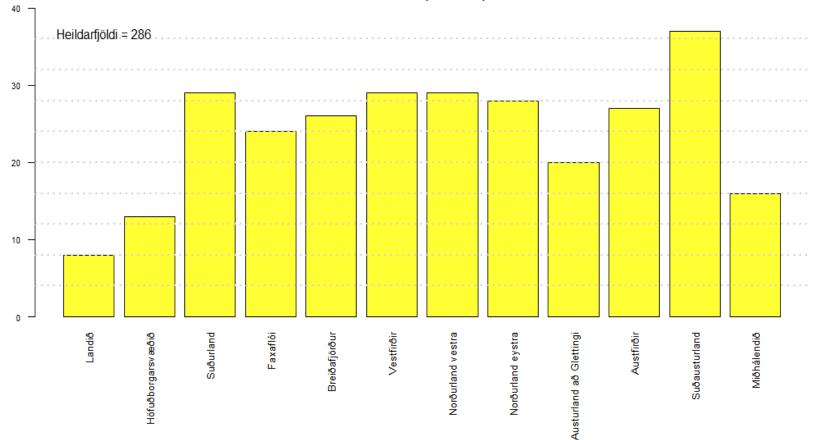


Appelsínugular viðvaranir, skipt eftir spásvæðum

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Yellow warnings by forecast regions



Gular viðvaranir, skipt eftir spásvæðum

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Thank you for your attention – for comments or questions email me at <u>elin@vedur.is</u>