The CERA-SAT reanalysis

Proof-of-concept for coupled DA in the satellite era

Dinand Schepers, Eric de Boisséson, Phil Browne, Roberto Buizza, Giovanna De Chiara, Per Dahlgren, Dick Dee, Reima Eresmaa, Yuki Kosaka, Patrick Laloyaux, Cristina Lupu, Patricia de Rosnay



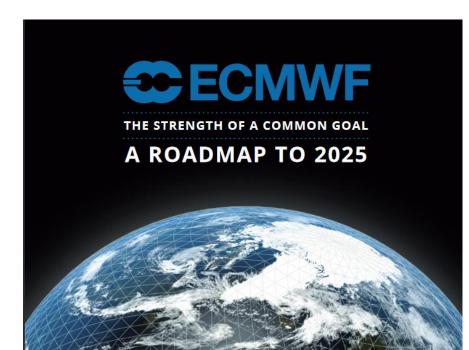


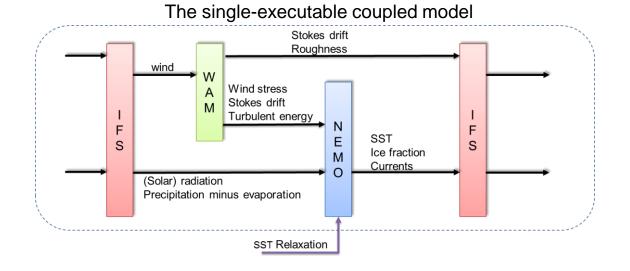
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Towards an Earth system approach

"Whilst Earth system modelling is already in its early stages, its application to data assimilation is very novel and results could be groundbreaking"

Roadmap to 2025





ERA-CLIM2 - Selected description of work

Produce global reanalyses to reconstruct the past climate/weather of the earth system

CERA-20C: A coupled reanalysis of the 20th century

- based on conventional surface and subsurface observations
- deliver long time series of Essential Climate Variables (ECVs)

CERA-SAT: A coupled reanalysis at higher resolution

- based on conventional and satellite observations
- evaluate the impact of a higher resolution on the coupled processes





The CERA system



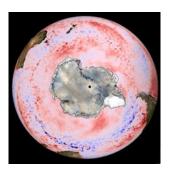
Full observing system

 including reprocessed datasets



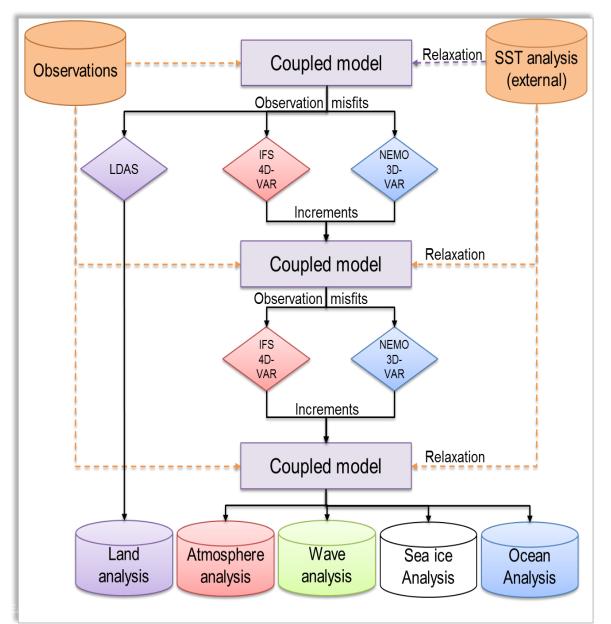
Salinity and Temperature

- Subsurface profiles
- EN4.1.1 dataset



SST and sea ice analysis

- OSTIA 0.05° product
 - Used for Sea ice assimilation SST nudging



P. Laloyaux et al. A coupled data assimilation system for climate reanalysis. Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society, 142(65-78), 2016.

CERA-SAT – A coupled reanalysis



Atmosphere/Land

- Model: IFS (CY42R1_esuite, April 2016)
- Atmosphere Resolution: TL319 (~60 Km); 137 levels
- Assimilation: 24-hour window 4D-Var
- Full observing system including reprocessed datasets
- Land surface analysis weakly coupled



Ocean/Sea ice

- Model: NEMO / LIM2 (CY42r1_nemo_E28)
- Resolution (1/4 degree; ORCA025) ~30 km; 75 levels
- Assimilation: 24-hour window 3D-Var FGAT
- Observations: salinity and temperature profiles, SLA, SIC analysis (OSTIA L4)



Wave

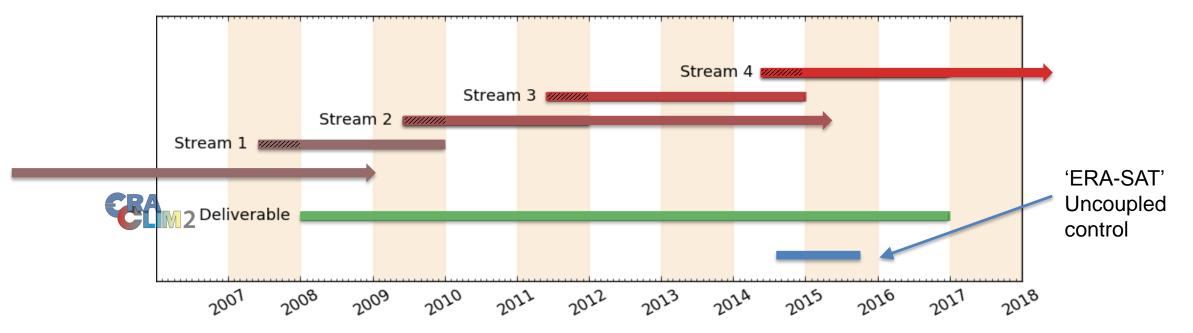
- Model: WAM (CY42R1_esuite)
- **Resolution:** 0.5 degree
- Assimilation: 24-hour window
- Observation: ERA5 observing system



CERA-SAT – Production & Delivery

Cenz delivered in Dec 2017 CERA-SAT was produced in 4 streams, merged into 1 deliverable

- 8 years research dataset (2008 2016)
- Produced in ~11 months
- Half year 'spin-up' per stream
- Extend beyond 2017
- Extend *stream 2* for spin-up studies
- Pre-extend from 2005



CERA-SAT – Data access

Fields in GRIB

- 3-hourly analysis, forecast fields
 - Atmosphere
 - Sea ice
 - Waves
 - Land surface
- Monthly mean fields

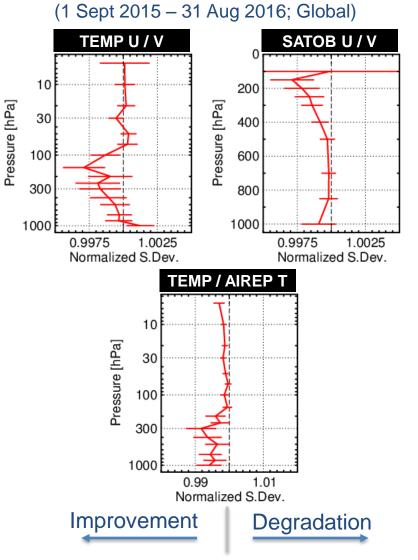
Ocean fields in netCDF

Observation feedback in ODB

	talogue			
Research Learning				
MARS Catalogue				
ERA-CLIM2 coupled rean	alysis of the s	atellite era (CE	RA-SAT)	
Choose the stream:				
Deterministic forecasts				
Atmospheric model				
Wave model				
Ensemble data assimilation				
Atmospheric model				
Ensemble data assimilation monthly	means of daily means			
Ensemble wave data assimilation model	onthly means of daily m	ieans		
Synoptic monthly means for ensemble				
Synoptic monthly means for ensemble	les of ocean waves			
Wave model		n, en, ep, er, es, et, fr CCOM2 del		.7
Current selection:				- 2011
class: at, be, c3, ch, co, cs, de, dk, dm,	nt o? oA os oi ol om	n en en er es et fr	d in D	ec e
pv, rd, rm, s2, se, te, ti, to, tr, uk			ivereu	, in , ou , pt
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		E IN C		copyright © ECM

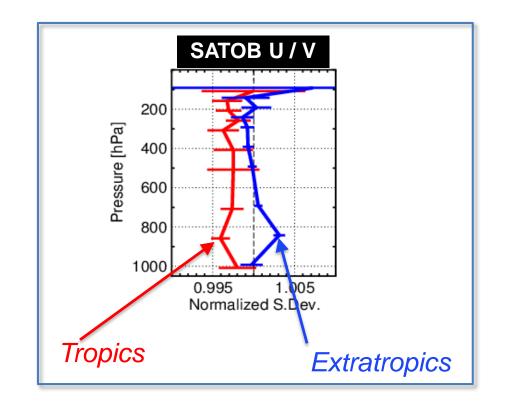
Coupled analysis – Background fit to tropospheric observations

Change in standard deviation of B/G departures



Improved background fit to observations data

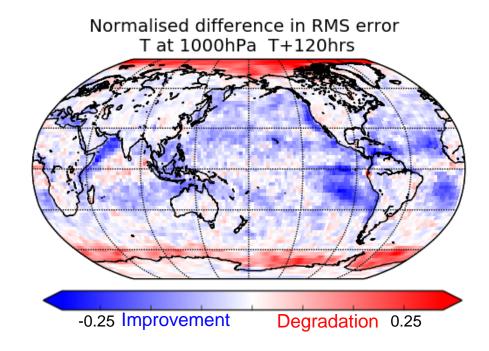
- Wind: 100—300 hPa
- **Temperature:** 300—1000 hPa

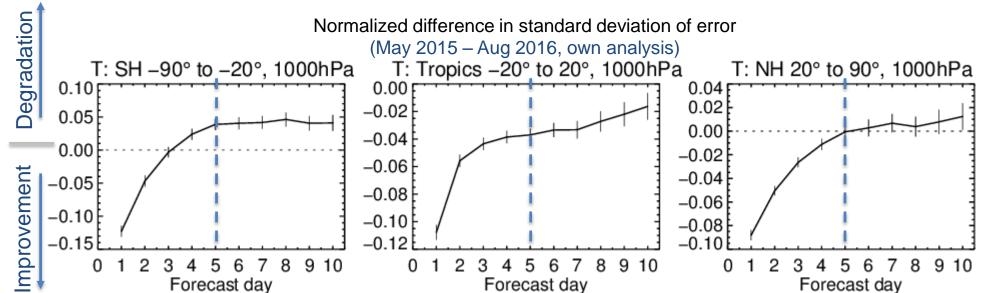


Coupled assimilation & forecast – forecast scores

Forecast improvements 1000hPa Temperature

- 15 months of daily forecasts
- Control: Uncoupled DA
- Reduced RMS over oceans
- Validation artifact: apparent degradation over sea ice

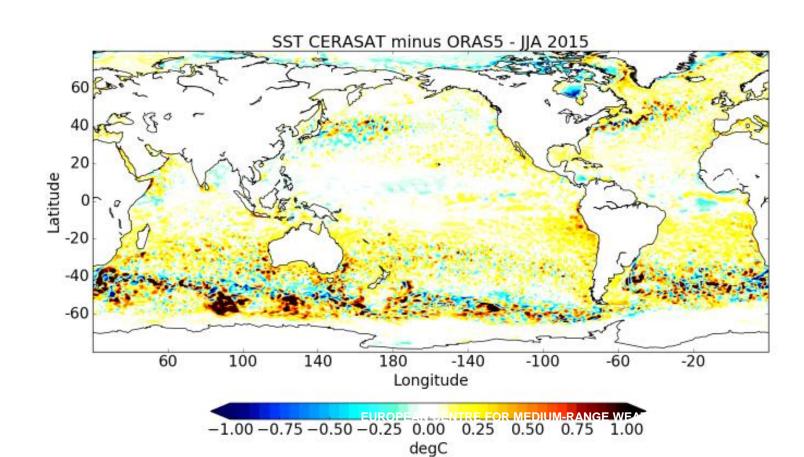


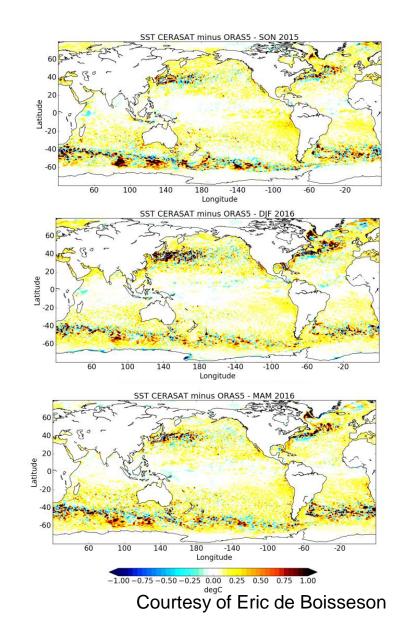


CERA-SAT – Sea surface temperature (SST)

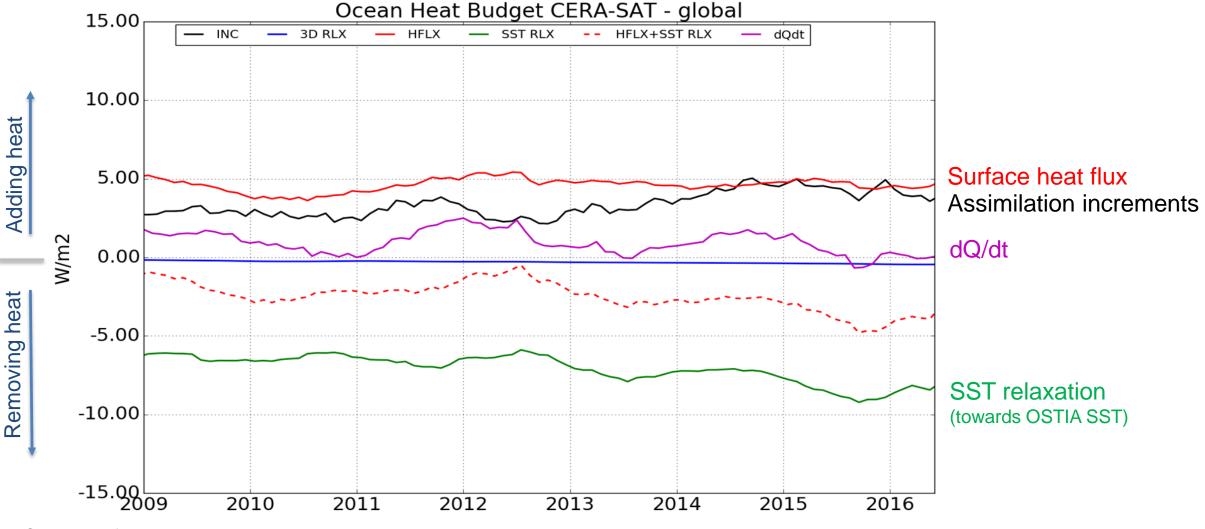
Sea surface temperature vs. ORAS5

 Control: ORAS5; Ocean reanalysis forced by ERA-Interim



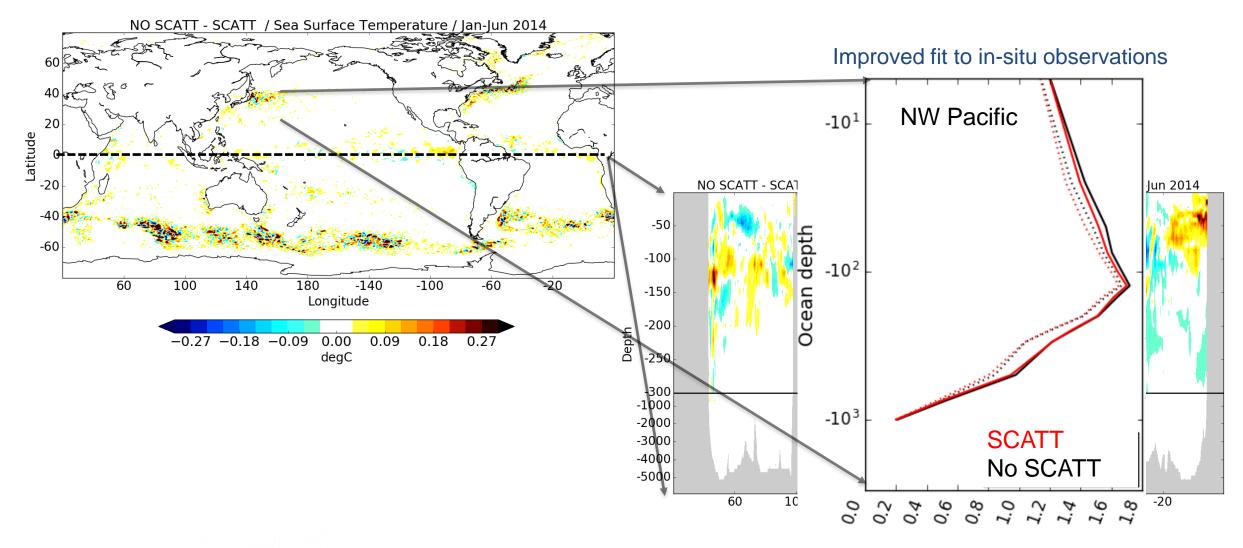


CERA-SAT – Global ocean heat budget



Courtesy of Eric de Boisseson

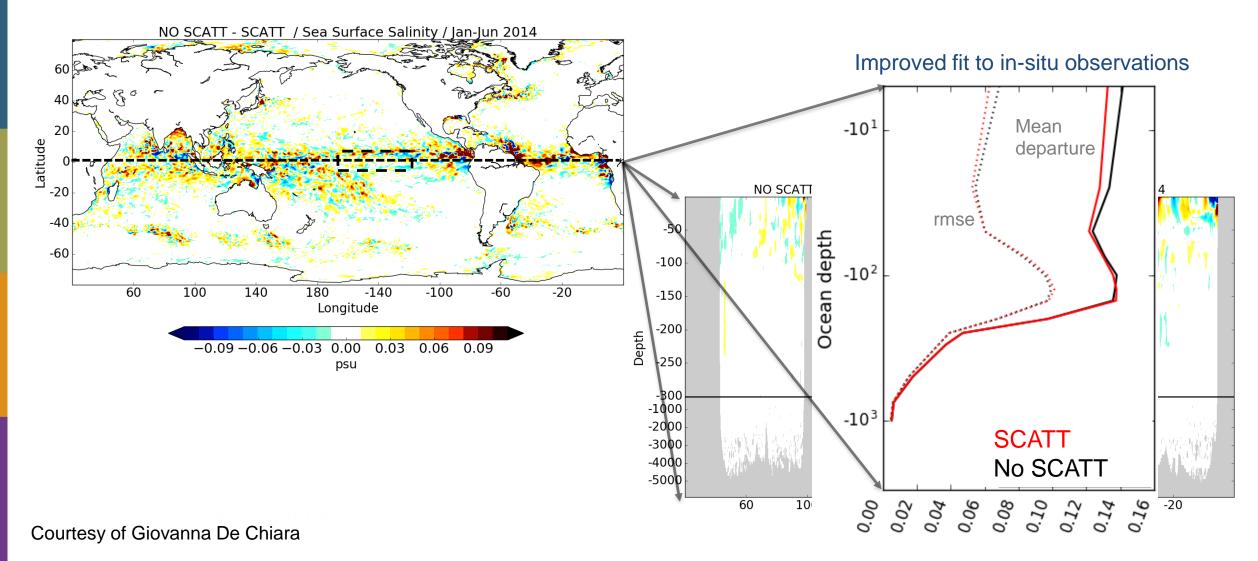
Coupled analysis - Atmospheric winds impact ocean temperature



Courtesy of Giovanna De Chiara

Coupled assimilation - Atmospheric winds impact salinity

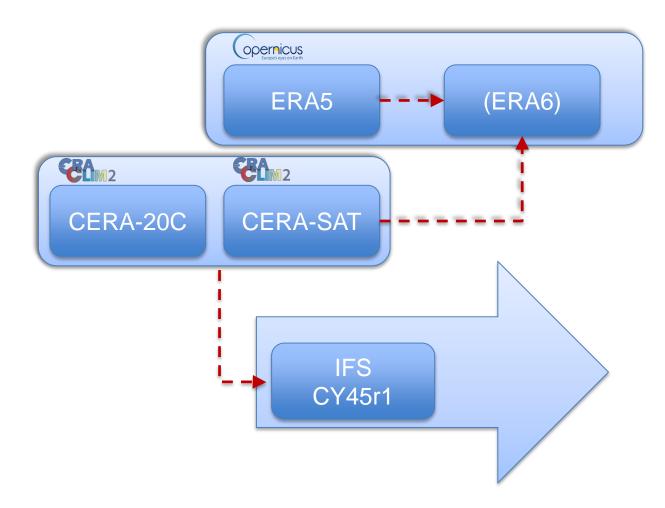
Impact of scatterometer winds on ocean salinity



CERA - Moving forward

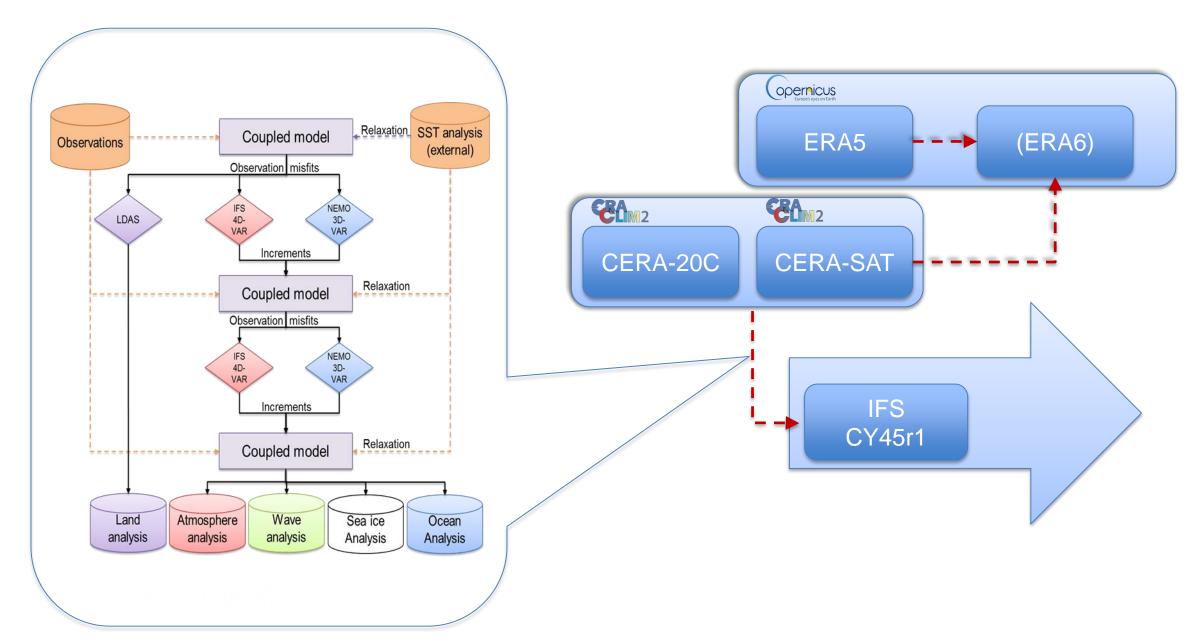
CERA-SAT prvides a *proof-of-concept* coupled reanalysis of the satellite era

- **Assess** the application of the CERA system for coupled data assimilation
- **Research** the effects of using the CERA system for coupled data assimilation
- Aid further development of coupled data assimilation





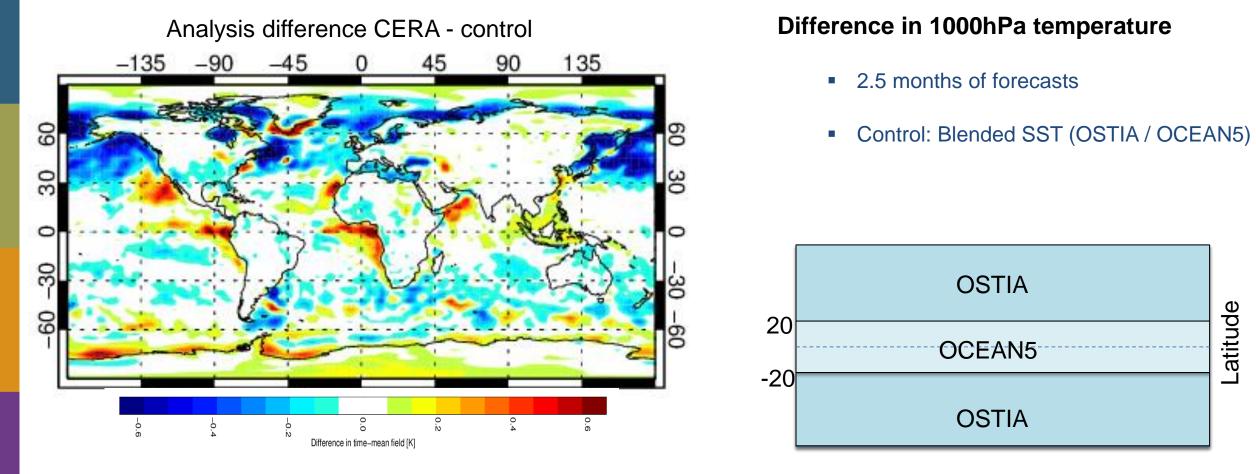
CERA - Moving forward



CY45r1 – Impact of coupled DA: 1000hPa temperature

Difference in time-mean T (Summer analysis coupled assimilation - control)

16-Jun-2017 to 31-Aug-2017 from 154 to 154 samples. Verified against own-analysis.



Courtesy of Phil Browne

Thank you

Dinand.Schepers@ecmwf.int



Additional material



Summary of the Description of Work Produce global reanalyses to reconstruct the past climate/wheater of the earth system



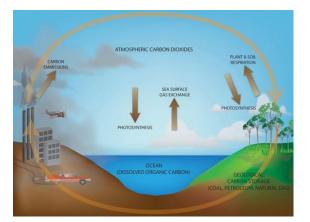
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Produce associated reanalyses to reconstruct the evolution of the carbon fluxes



CERA-20C/Carbon: land & ocean carbon reanalyses

- based on forcings from atmospheric/ocean reanalyses
- estimate carbon flux anomalies over the 20th century

CERA-SAT/Carbon: two land carbon reanalyses

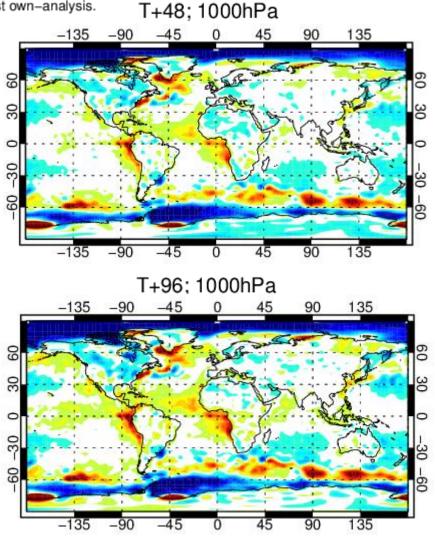
- produced online by the CTESSEL land model
- produced offline by the ORCHIDEE land model

CERA-SAT – 1000hPa temperature

Difference in time-mean T (coupled - uncoupled)

11–May–2015 to 31–Aug–2016 from 479 to 479 samples. Verified against own–analysis.

T+0; 1000hPa -135 -9045 135 90 -45 80 $\overline{}$ 30 C \circ 30 09 8 35 -135 90 -- ---- ---- -- - -- --0.0 0.2 0.4 0.4 ò Difference in time-mean field [K]



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