## Examples of use of climate data for EEA indicators and Climate-ADAPT

#### Blaz Kurnik Climate change impacts and adaptation (EEA)



European Environment Agency

EEA Report | No 3/2012

Adaptation in Europe Addressing risks and opportunities from climate change in the context of socio-economic developments



Climate change, impacts and vulnerability in Europe 2012



European Environment Agency

CEA Report | No 12/2012

## 1. Climate change impacts indicators (CLIM)

(updated every 1-3 years) and **EEA climate change assessments** (every 4 years)

# 2. **Climate-ADAPT** (updated "daily")



All (59)
 Agriculture (1)
 Air pollution (

Indicator

### A typical data flow



## 1. Climate change impacts indicators



### **EEA Climate change impact indicators**

#### An EEA climate change impact indicator:

- is a measure that can be used to illustrate and communicate complex climate change phenomena in a simple way
- comprises specification and assessment(s) including key messages
- uses quantitative data on observed changes and projections
- includes information on uncertainties
- has policy defined purposes
- uses well defined criteria
- is published on EEA web pages (IMS) and in Climate-ADAPT
- supports development of adaptation policies







#### Types and sources of data

#### Type:

- Climate variables (ECVs) (e.g. daily min, max, mean air temperature, total precipitation amount, ...)
  23 indicators use directly at least one of the GCOS ECVs
- Climate indices (e.g. drought index, cold spell index, soil moisture index, ...)
  7 indicators use different indices
- in-situ and/or modelled datasets (e.g. animal phenology data, distribution of species)

#### Sources:

- Research projects and programmes (EURO4M, ERA-CLIM2, UERRA,...)
- Met offices and Climate Services (ECMWF, UK MO, KNMI, ...
- Global and European organisations (WHO, ECDC, CRED, JRC, ...)
- Scientific literature, through scientific databases

#### Criteria:

- Thematic and policy **relevance**
- Scientific soundness
- Geographical coverage
- Appropriate geographical characterization
- Long time series
- Reliable data supply
- Clear methodology



Indicator name	ECV or climate index	Indicator name	ECV or climate index
Global and European	T2m	Storm surges	SL, FFⅅ
Temperature		Soil organic carbon	LAI, FPR
Temperature extremes	T2m		
Mean precipitation	Рср	Soil erosion	Pcp, LAI
Precipitation extremes	Рср	Soil moisture	Soil moisture (stage III)
Storms	FFⅅ	Growing season for agricultural crops LAI, FPR	LAL FPR
Snow cover	Snow		
Greenland ice sheet	IcS		LAI, FPR
Glaciers	Gla		
Permafrost	Permafrost and	Water-limited crop	Crop moisture index (stage
	seasonally frozen	productivity	II), Soil moisture (stage III)
	ground(stage III)	Irrigation water requirement	Crop moisture index (stage
Arctic and Baltic sea ice	SIC		II), Soil moisture (stage III)
Ocean acidification	Ocean Acidity (stage III)	Forest fires	Fid
Ocean heat content	OHC	Extreme temperatures and Heat stress index (stage	Heat stress index (stage II)
Sea surface temperature	SST	health	field stress index (stage if)
Phenology of marine	SST		O3A
species		Air pollution by ozone and	USA
Distribution of marine	SST	health	
species		Heating degree days	Residential Energy Demand
Global and European sea	SL		Temperature index (stage
level rise			II)

#### Structure



#### Data:

- Observations (in situ, remote sensing, reanalysis)
- Climate projections





#### Meta data

• Units,

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- Methodology,
- uncertainty,
  - data providers,...

European Environment Agency



#### Describing climate change/impacts

Past trends >30 years Future projections 21<sup>st</sup> century

Describing climate system with climate variables

Describing climate change impacts on environmental systems Set of 45 climate change impacts indicators

Describing climate change Impacts on socio-economic systems and health

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#### European temperature (trends)

Policy question: How much have global and European temperatures increased since pre-industrial period?

To answer the PQ we need:

- long time series of air surface temperature (~ 150 years)
- Data in a reasonable spatial resolution over the globe
- Data in high spatial resolution
- Seasonally aggregated data
- Presenting uncertainties





Met Office Hadley Centre and Climatic Research Unit

- NOAA National Climatic Data Center
- NASA Goddard Institute for Space Studies

#### Temperature and precipitation projections

Policy Question: What are the projected changes in temperature and precipitation in Europe?

To answer the PQ we need:

- Reliable multi-model projections by RCMs from EURO-CORDEX
- High spatial resolution datasets to assess regional differences
- RCMs driven by boundary conditions from different GCMs to assess ranges
- Different RCPs
- Projections for the whole 21<sup>st</sup> century
- Annual or seasonally aggregated data
- Bias corrected data in case of projections from impact models

Link: http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-andmaps/indicators/european-precipitation-1/assessment-1



Projected change in annual, summer and winter temperature for the forcing scenarios RCP 4.5 and RCP 8.5





#### Snow cover

Policy Question: What are the trends and projections in snow cover extent and snow mass in Europe?

To answer the PQ we need:

- Different indices; snow cover extent and snow mass from different sources (GlobSnow project, Global Snow Lab, Laboratorie de Glaciologie et Géophysique de l'Environnement (LGGE))
- Observations are based on in-situ and satellite observations show
- Projections based on GCMs and different RCPs

Link: http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-andmaps/indicators/snow-cover-2/assessment



## 2. Tools in Climate-ADAPT



## Climate observations and projections in Climate-ADAPT

- Map viewer and time series tool
- Spatial information on different ECVs and indices including time series
- Raster and vector maps with climate indices
- Various types of data providers
- Data stored at the source
- Combining different datasets in one map



**European Climate Adaptation Platform** 

- Case study search tool

→ Urban adaptation support t

Adaptation support tool

Guidelines for project man

Climate-ADAPT

→ Uncertainty guidanc

New Map Viewer

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Link: climate-adapt.eea.europa.eu/tools

#### Climate-ADAPT thematic mapviewer (v2)



- Five groups of data sources, connected to Climate-ADAPT with WMS
- Static maps, mainly on projections
- Possibilities to combine layers on impacts
  and vulnerabilities
- Basic structure (keep it simple)
- Information on the maps searchable in the Climate-ADAPT database



#### Climate-ADAPT timeseries tool

- An expert tool for presenting the timeseries of selected climate variables in Europe
- Developed by JRC
- 16 different sets ECVs or indices mainly based on observations
- Includes metadata portal
- Includes data from different sources using Web Features Service (WFS) and Web Map Service (WMS)



#### **Climate-ADAPT timeseries tool**

Climate Indicator Evapotranspiration • Dataset 10 days evapotranspiration sum (b := Scenario 2003 💌 05-01 💌 🔽 10 days e × Selection of a ECV or an index for a selected timestamp 0 Ø 🖏 💽 📜 🋐 EU Regions 💽 🚚 🦚 🏈 Lat EU Regions ° Lon 0 from: 01/01/1989 31/12/2013 Uncertainty R European Commission European Environment Agency C Options for spatial aggregation tude: +19.9941 Climate-ADAPT: point (lat 47.0018°, lon 19.9941°) PNG C Temporal presentation of Right y-ax selected ECV 21 August 2013 10 days evapotranspiration sum (bare soil): 38.2500(mm)

#### Conclusions

- EEA CLIM indicators present both **past trends** and **future projections**,
- EEA CLIM indicators provide information on **uncertainty** of data, **quality** of input data, description of **methodology**,
- majority of EEA CLIM indicators could in future be based on the data and information provided by C3S,
- C3S could be a key contributor to EEA climate change impact assessments,
- Climate-ADAPT includes also tools for **spatial** and **temporal visualisations** of selected climate indices (using map viewer and time series tool),
- Climate-ADAPT tools like **mapviewer** and **time series tool** could in future include also outputs (like aggregated maps, timeseries of different indices, ...) from C3S.



## Thank you for your attention

http://www.eea.europa.eu/themes/climate http://climate-adapt.eea.europa.eu







### Indicators and ECVs

Indicator name	ECV	comment
Global and European Temperature	T2m	
Mean precipitation	Рср	
Storms	FFⅅ	
Snow cover	Snow	
Greenland ice sheet	IcS	
Permafrost	Permafrost and seasonally frozen ground	
Arctic and Baltic sea ice	SIC	
Ocean acidification	Ocean Acidity	
Ocean heat content	ОНС	
Sea surface temperature	SST	
Storm surges	SL, FFⅅ	Combination of one or two ECVs
River flow	River discharge	As defined in GCOS
Plant and fungi phenology	link not identified	in situ data (phenological observations
Animal phenology	link not identified	in situ data (phenological observations
Soil moisture	Soil moisture	C3S stage III
Growing season for agricultural crops	LAI, FPR	Combination of different ECVs
Water limited crop productivity	Crop moisture stress index	Not ECV, but index
Floods and Health	Link not identified	Countries information

#### As proposed in C3S

C3S stage II
C3S stage III
GCOS
Not defined

