

The Verification Project

Claude Gibert



Use of a scripting language: Python.
 Open Source.
 Free.
 Big community.
 Lots of available tools and libraries, glues to open-source software.

Time critical operations such as score computing are written in C++ and callable from Python.

😋 MetPy, current status

The building blocks are in a library called MetPy:

- o GRIB decoding.
- o ODB access.
- o Score computing
- Access to different file formats and databases (GRIB 1,2, NetCDF, Relational).

• Plotting packages (Magics, open source).

 Interface to MARS client, ECFS, Plot Content Management System etc...

C Verify

For the new verification system we will emphasise on:

- o Robustness.
- o Flexibility.
- Openness, users have access to the source, they can also contribute.
- Portability, some member state services have shown interest in using it on their systems.
- Parameterisation, it should run on different systems, with different data formats.

C Verification



Score calculation

 Current MetPy capabilities.
 Deterministic, all the current scores: o Rmse, correlation coefficient, mean error, standard deviation in all possible combinations

 o Probabilitic scores:
 o Contingency tables, ROC area, cost-loss, reliability tables, Brier, Brier Skill scores.

Scores against observations need to be included.

😳 Data source

MARS – FDB are the obvious sources of data. ODB will be used for easy access to data.

In order for the new package to be flexible, files containing data in known format can be used to compute scores.

An observation database could facilitate verification against observations.

Score Database

The plan is to use netCDF files and see later if the format is suitable or needs to be changed.

C Publishing

Data publishing is obviously the goal of score computing:

Plots, means, time series, scatter plots, gains etc.. with their variations.
Table generation (ascii, excell?, binary).
Automatic web publication.

Front-end language

 A directive language is used to provide the end user with an easier interface to the package.
 Syntactically same style as the current one.

In fact it is proper Python, but the user does not need to know it.

 This could simplify considerably verification scripts because MetPy provides support for date calculation, steps, etc...



```
compute(
      param = Z,
       levtype = pl,
       levelist = (1000, 500, 100),
      score = (ancf,ref),
       steps = StepSequence(12,240,12),
      area = ('europe', 'north hemisphere'),
       forecast = forecast (
       persistence = persistence(
      analysis = analysis (
             expver = `0001',
             date = DateSequence(20040101,20040131),
```