



Climate Scale Interactions in the Indo-Pacfic Tropical Basins

Jean-Philippe Boulanger, Albert Fischer, Julie Leloup, Matthieu Lengaigne and many co-auhors...

- Role of an MJO event in the termination of the 1994-1995 Indian Dipole Event
- Role of the March 1997 WWE in El Niño onset
- WWE activity and ENSO dynamics
- Conclusions

Interannual anomalies of SST and Taux during the 1994-1995 and 1997-1998 Dipole events



Strategy :

1- Study the impact of the Nov 1994 MJO in an ocean model (OPA model)

2- Study the atmospheric sensitivity to the oceanic impact of the Nov 1994 MJO (LMDZ)

OPA model response at the equator to the MJO zonal wind stress signal







Bandpass (15-120 day) satellite zonal wind (70-90E, 2S-2N)

LMDZ Atmospheric response to the simulated OPA SST patterns



LMDZ Atmospheric response to the simulated OPA SST patterns

LMDZ Indian Ocean zonal wind mean and ensemble



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Observations

ECWMWF/CLIVAR Workshop on Simulation and Prediction of Intra-seasonal Variability with emphasis on the MJO, 3-6 November 2003

Zonal and meridional wind stress on March, 14th, 1997



Strategy :

1- Study the impact of the March 1997 WWE in an ocean model (OPA model)

2- Study the atmospheric sensitivity to the oceanic impact of the March 1997 WWE (Hadam)

3- Study the impact of the March 1997 WWE in a coupled model (HadOPA)

• Three oceanic responses in SST (1) warming along the Kelvin wave path (2) large warming along the EEWP

(3) cooling in the western Pacific

• Strong zonal currents at the EEWP associated to anon-linear response of the thermo-halodynamical front and the windforced zonal currents









140E 160E 180 160W 140W 120W 100W 80W

(f) REF-NWE (Surface current)



Atmospheric response to the simulated SST patterns

• Strong convection near 160°E in REF

•Large westerly winds near 160°E in REF



Stronger WWE activity in REF than in NWE: positive feedback



Eastern Pacific warming leads to a reduction of the Trade Winds



HadOPA coupled model experiments











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Role of the March 1997 WWE in El Niño onset









WWE activity and ENSO dynamics



HADISST (yellow), KAPLAN (light blue), SOI (dark line)



Recent changes in ENSO characteristics



Conclusions

1- Clear impact of an MJO in the termination of the 94-95 Dipole event in the IO.

Questions:

-what favors the occurrence of such an MJO in 94 and not in 97? Is it stochastic or are there any large scale conditions favoring such an occurrence?

Conclusions

2- Strong impact of the March 1997 wind event on El Niño

-Positive feedbacks (more WWE activity)

-Large dispersion (is it model dependent or does it reveal a « natural » sensitivity of the coupled system?)

-Can we define criteria associated to a risk of extreme El Niño occurrence?

-What is the exact role of the MJO? Is it a real contributor to ENSO or one of the mechanisms by which a strong WWE can occur? In such a case, as much efforts should be put in modelling the other mechanims (e.g. cold surges, cyclones, etc...) as in modelling MJO.

Conclusions

3-WWE and ENSO:

Is the change in dynamics observed with the 1982-1983 Event related to a different impact/sensitivity of IntraSeasonal Activity in the Pacific?