



Met Office



Results from the UK Met Office HPC Procurement

Paul Selwood



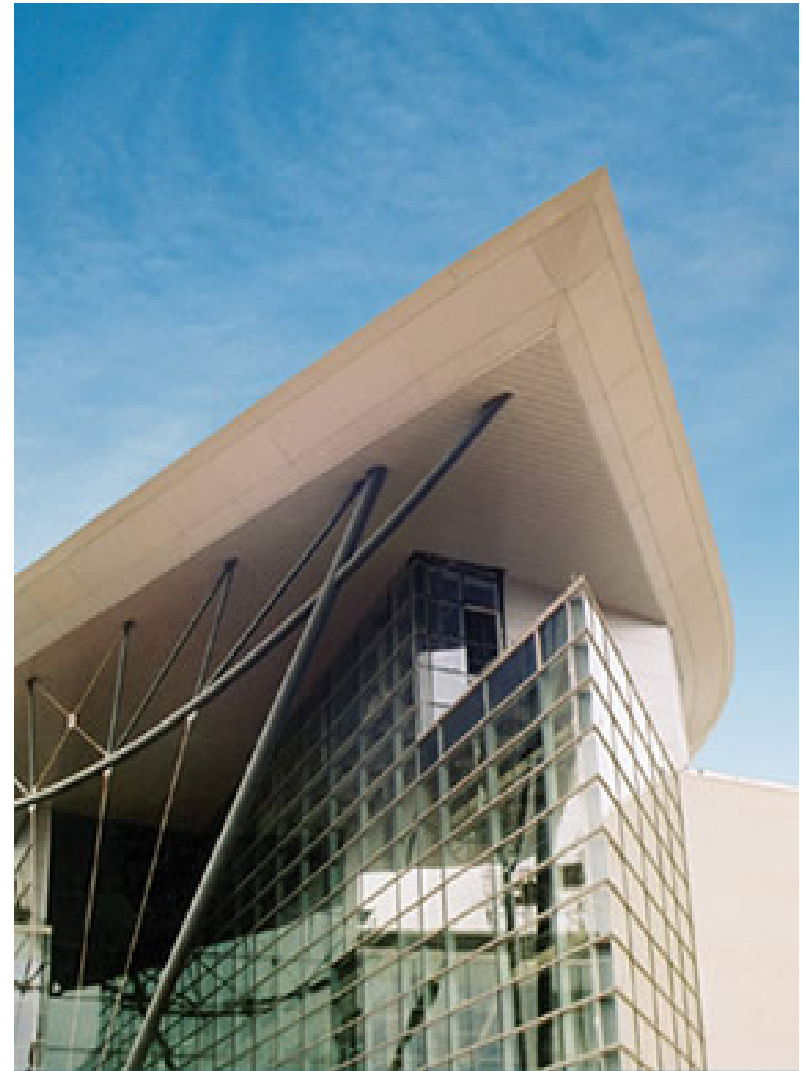
Introduction



Met Office

The Met Office

- National Weather Service for the UK
- Climate Prediction (Met Office Hadley Centre)
- Operational and Research activities
- About 1,700 staff in 60 locations around the world





Met Office

Met Office Supercomputers

- 21 node NEC SX-8 cluster
- 2 NEC SX-6 clusters
 - 15 node for NWP
 - 19 node for Climate
- 2 x 16 CPU Itanium front-ends
- 4 x 8 CPU Itanium file servers
- Post processing on IBM System Z mainframe

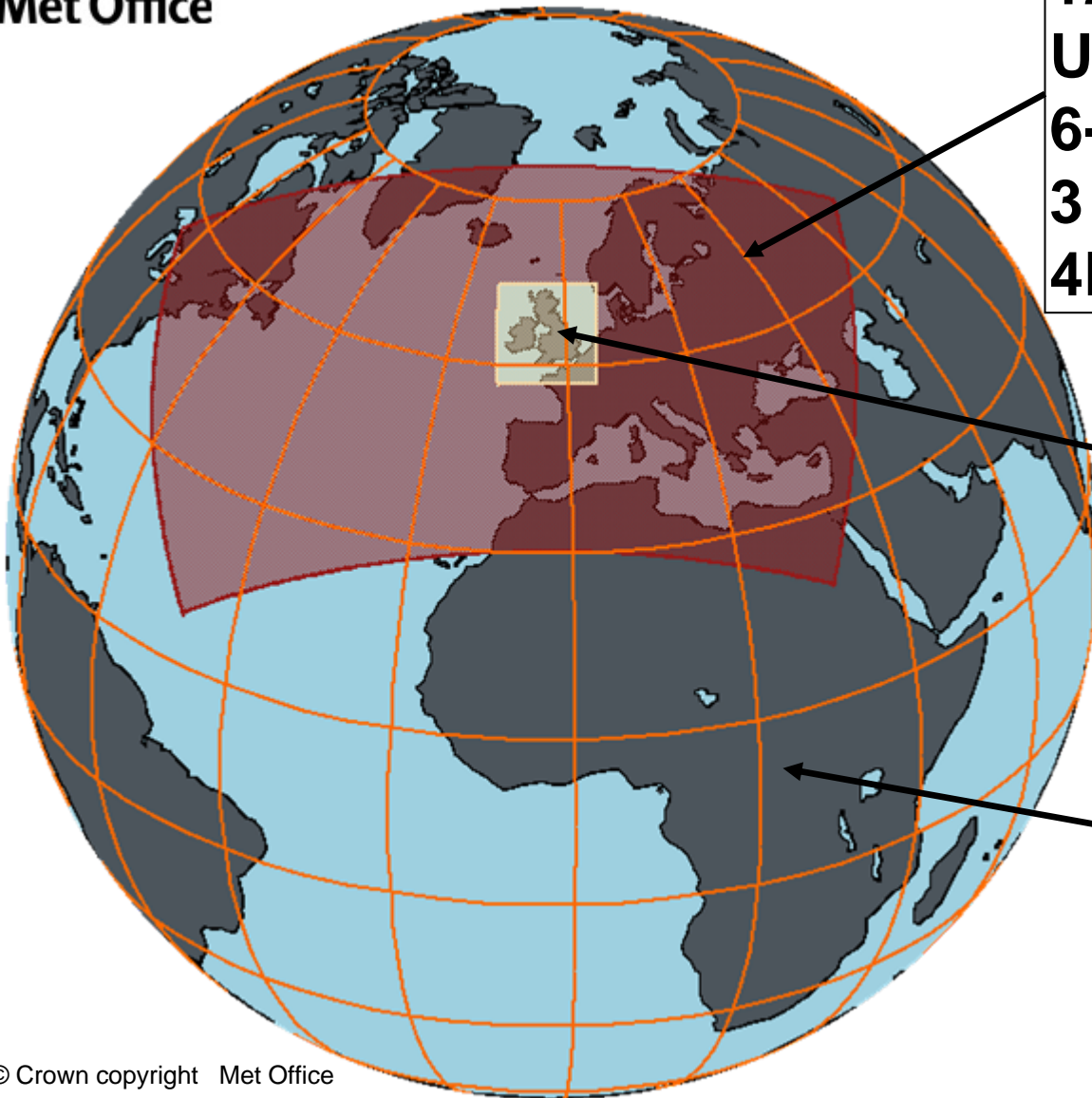




The Met Office Unified Model

- Climate and Forecast model
- Atmosphere, Ocean and Coupled (also sea-ice, atmospheric chemistry, aerosols, river transport, ...)
- Atmosphere
 - Non-hydrostatic, semi-Lagrangian, semi-implicit, Arakawa C grid, Charney-Phillips vertical coordinate
- ~ 800K LOC
- MPI parallelisation

Deterministic Forecasts



12km – 38 levels
Up to 48hr f/c
6-hourly update
3 SX-8 nodes
4D-Var

4km
Up to 36hr f/c
1 SX-8 node
3D-Var

40km - 50 levels
Up to 7 day f/c
6-hourly update
3 SX-8 nodes
4D-Var

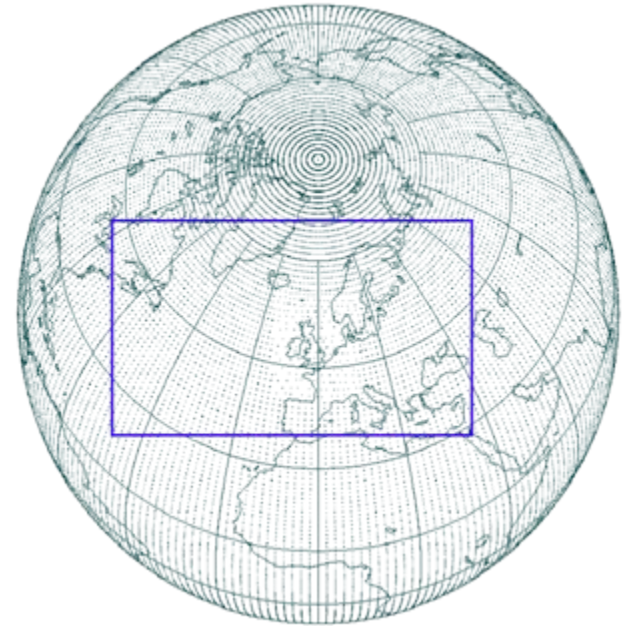


MOGREPS

- 24 members – 3 SX-6 nodes

Global

- Run to T+72
- N144 (~ 90 km)
- Uses Ensemble Transform Kalman Filter (ETKF) for generating initial perturbations
- Stochastic physics – random perturbation of parameterisation schemes
- Also MOGREPS-15, medium range run at ECMWF



LAM

- Run to T+36
- 24 km
- North-Atlantic Europe
- Takes initial and boundary conditions from global model
- Stochastic physics



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Collaboration



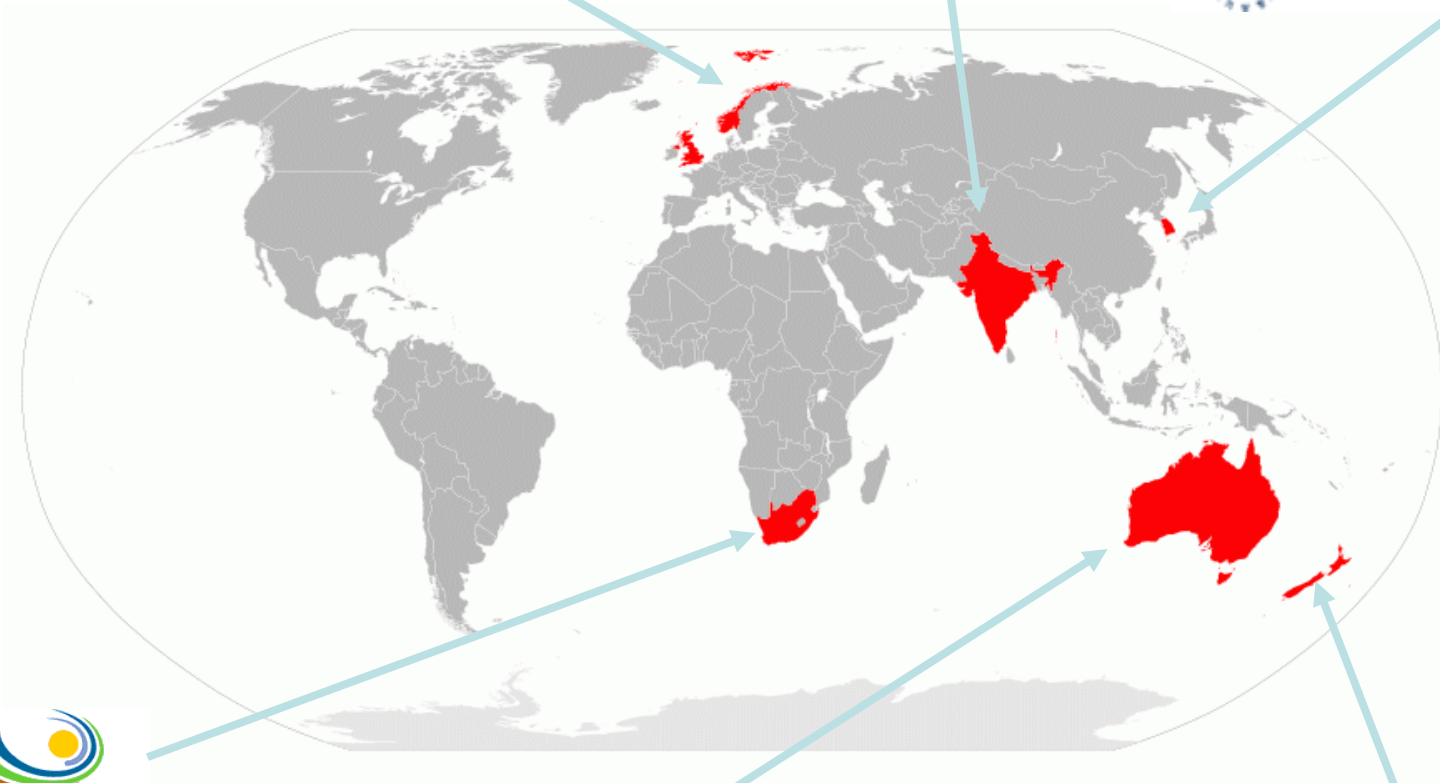
Norwegian Meteorological Institute
met.no



सत्यमेव जयते



KMA
KOREA METEOROLOGICAL ADMINISTRATION



South African Weather Service



Australian Government
Bureau of Meteorology



CSIRO



NIWA
Taihoro Nukurangi



Storage



MASS to MASS-R

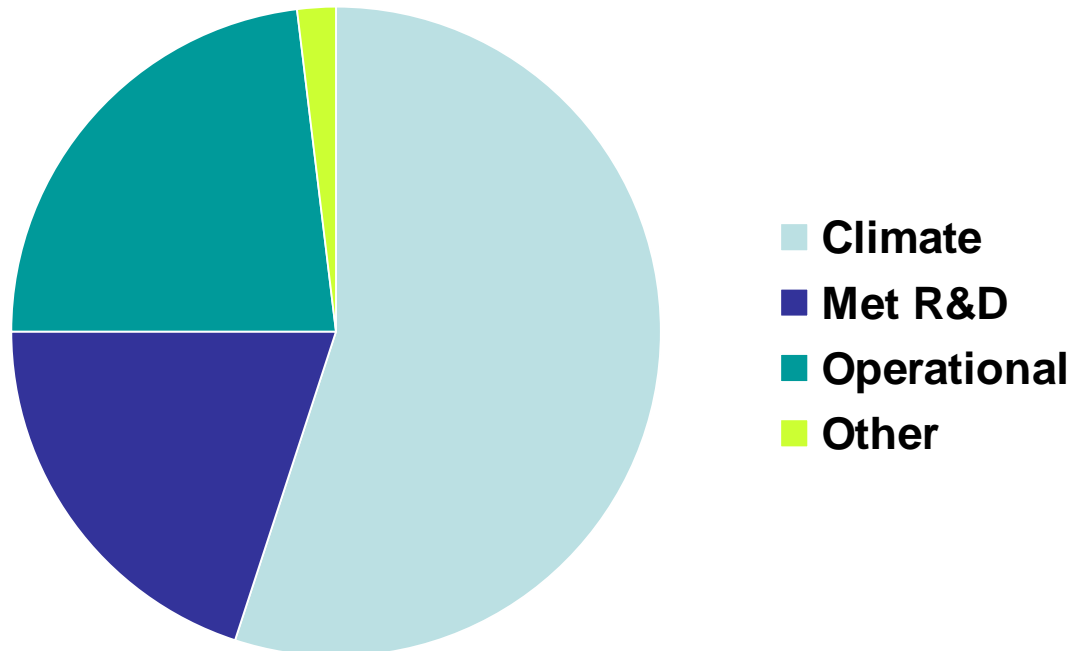
- Managed Archive Storage System
- MASS is a FileTek system using StorageTek, SUN and COPAN hardware
- MASS-R will replace
- IBM HPSS
- Contract awarded March 2008
- First Phase accepted September 2008





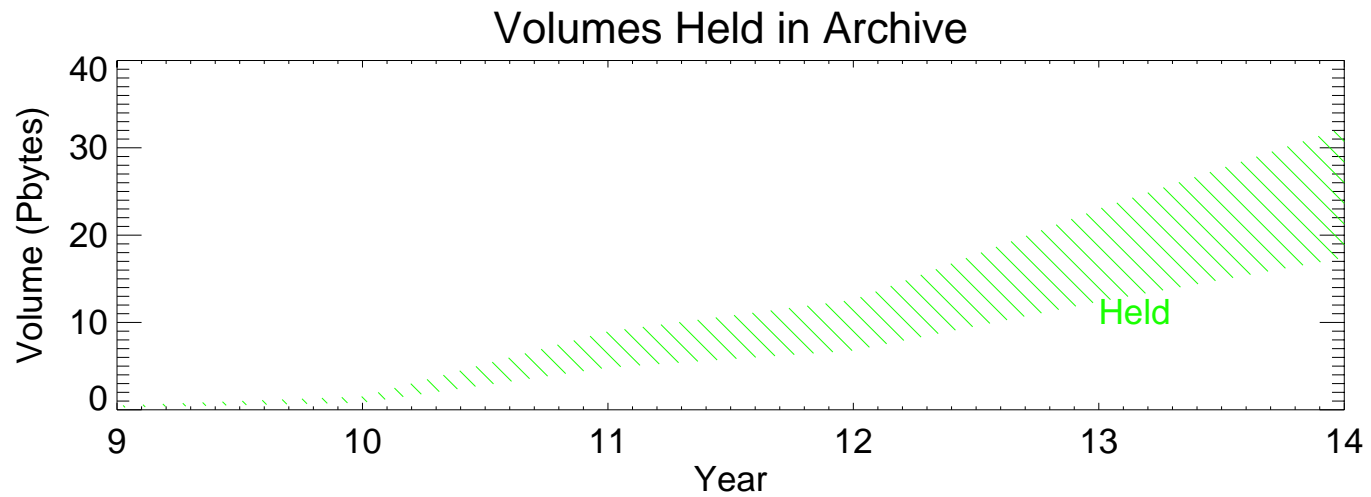
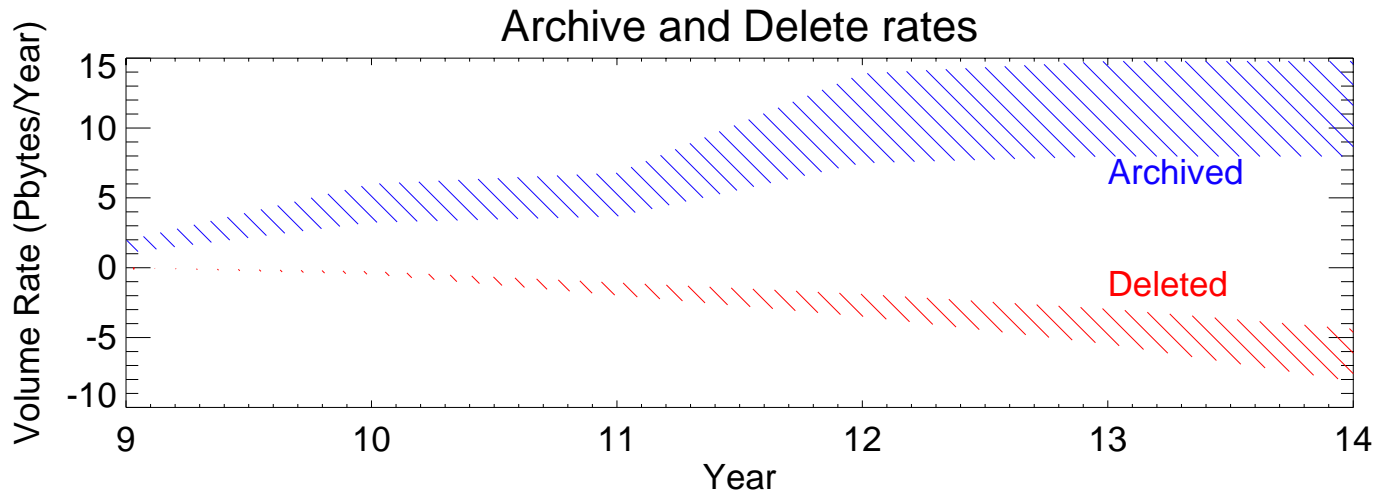
Current storage profile

- Archive 1.5 - 2Tbytes/day
- Retrieve ~500Gbytes/day
- Stored volume ~1.5Petabytes





Projected storage





HPSS installation

	Disk (>40 days)	Tape (primary copy)
Sep 2008	80 Tbytes	400 Tbytes
Jan 2009	~350 Tbytes	5.8 Pbytes
Mar 2014	~1.5 Pbytes	~30 Pbytes

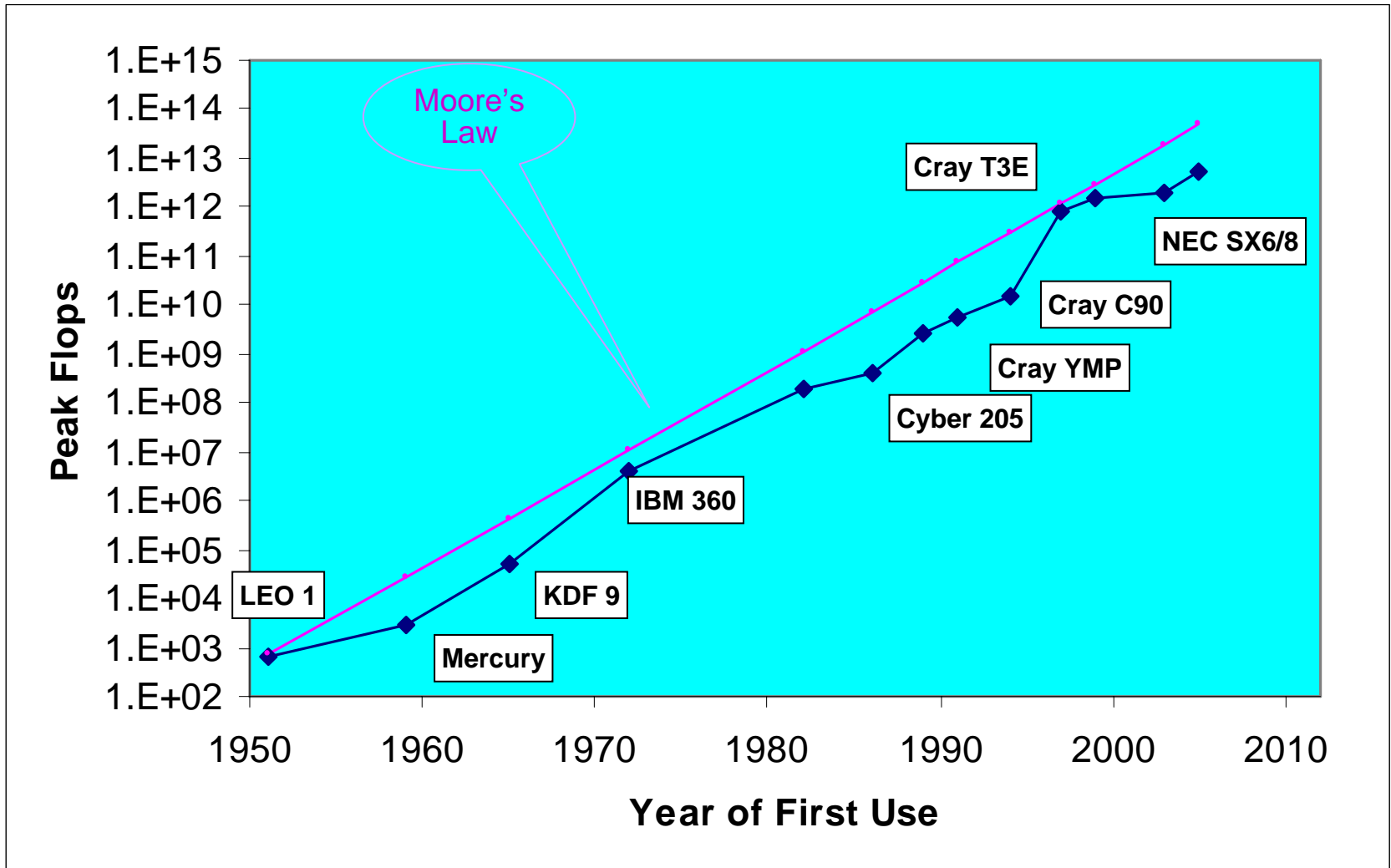


HPC



Met Office

60 Years of Met Office Computers





What Benchmarks?

- UK 1.5km - L76
- Global N512L76 (24km)
- HadGEM2-A
- NEMO – ½ degree climate configuration
- HadOCC ocean
- 4DVAR – N144L70
- OPS - RTTOV



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Benchmark weights

Benchmark	Weight	G Copies	H Copies
HadGEM2-A	0.2	128	256
N512L76	0.2	8	16
UK 1.5	0.25	4	8
NEMO	0.05	64	128
HadOCC	0.1	128	256
4DVAR	0.15	8	16
OPS	0.05	16	32

Speedups combined via harmonic mean to get G and H



Procurement Process

- OJEU notice issued July 2007
 - ~13 responses
 - All provided with initial benchmarks and full Operational Requirement
- 6 completed Pre-Qualification Questionnaire
 - All passed
- Full response to OR in November 2007
 - Evaluation just on technical grounds
 - 4 shortlisted



Process cont

- Updated OR response in February 2008
 - Meetings to clarify/strengthen bids
 - Site reference visits
 - Evaluation 50% technical, 50% financial
 - 2 Shortlisted
- Best and Final Offers in June 2008
 - Technical, commercial and contracts negotiations
 - Final evaluation 100% financial on whole life costs and benefits



The Winner

IBM

G1 = 6.5

H1 = 8.5





Dave Kay (IBM) and John Hirst (Met Office) sign the contract on 01/08/08

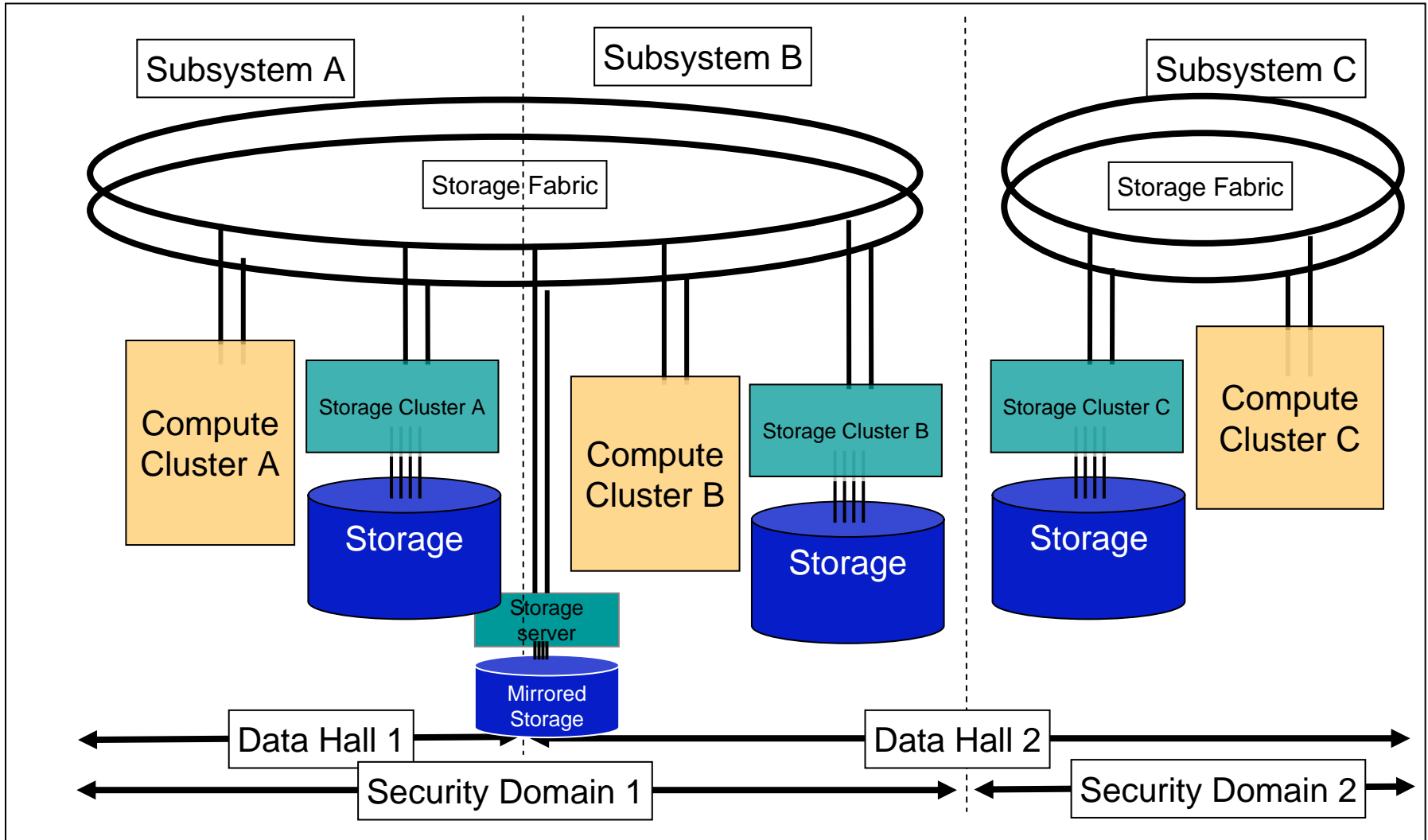




What are we getting?

- 2 main clusters
 - Production / Research
 - 90 compute nodes per cluster
 - 5760 GB memory
 - Shared GPFS
 - 48 GB/s aggregate disk bandwidth
 - 690 TB disk
- Collaboration cluster
 - 28 nodes
 - Memory and Storage proportional to main clusters
 - Non-shared GPFS
 - Shared with NERC (50:50 funding)
- Test and Dev cluster
 - 2 compute nodes
 - 6TB storage

System Overview



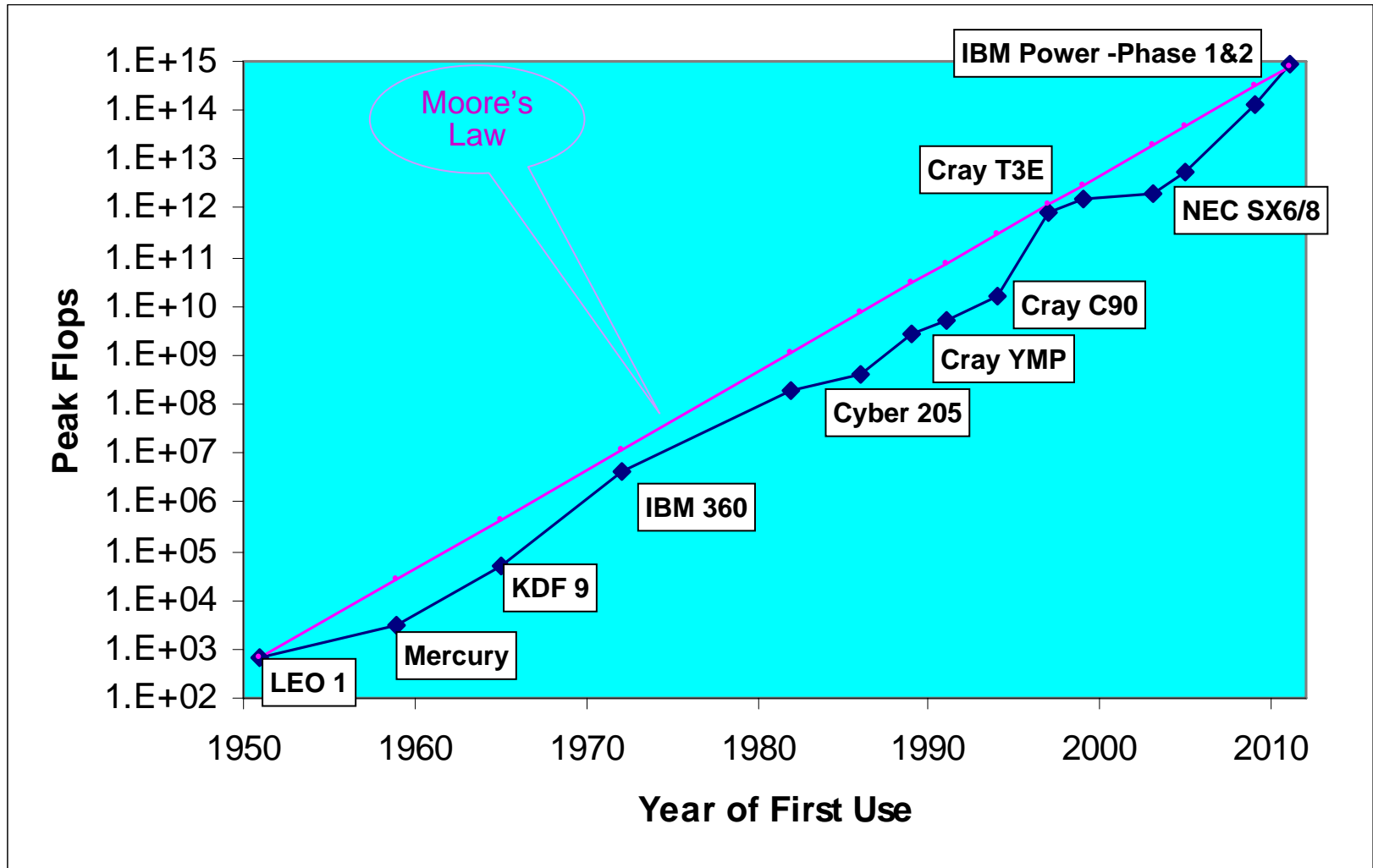


Summary compared with NEC

Met Office	NEC SX6/8 3 systems	IBM Power6 3 systems	Factor
<i>CPUs or Cores per Node</i>	8	32	4
<i>Peak Performance per node (GFLOPS)</i>	128 (for SX8)	600	4.6
<i>Number of Nodes</i>	59 (SX6/SX8 mix)	208	3.5
<i>Total Peak Performance (TFLOPS)</i>	5.4	125	23.1
<i>Number of CPUs / Cores</i>	472	6656	14.1
<i>Total Memory (TBytes)</i>	2.7	13.3	4.9
<i>Total Disk (TBytes)</i>	36	776	21.5
<i>Disk Performance (GB/s)</i>	~0.15	>1 (24 total per cluster)	~7



60 Years of Met Office Computers redux





Met Office

Implementation plans

- Test System for code porting - acceptance mid-October 2008
- Collaboration cluster (Met Office use) – acceptance 31/12/08
- Remove NEC SX-6 – January 2009
- First/second main clusters - acceptance early April/end May 2009
(user access ~ 6 weeks before acceptance)
- Production models operational end June 2009
- Service for NERC users – go-live 01/04/09 tbd
- Phase 2 hardware upgrade – October 2010 to June 2011
- **Implementation complex owing to other related projects eg. MASS, HPC for NERC, new security architecture**



Provisional Model Upgrade Timetable 2009

- May 2009
 - System Acceptance
 - UK 1.5km Model trial
- September 2009
 - Global and NAE to 70 levels
 - Global EPS to 60km / 70levels
- December 2009
 - Global Model to 25km
 - NAE EPS to 16km / 70 levels



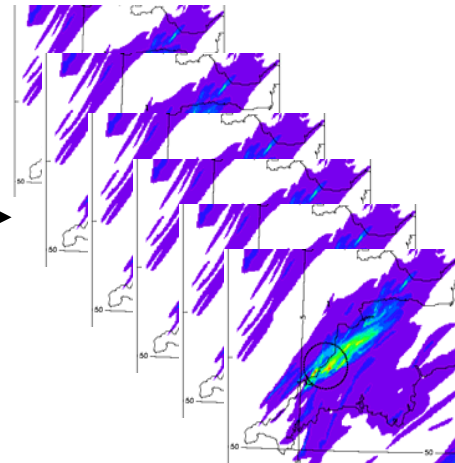
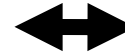
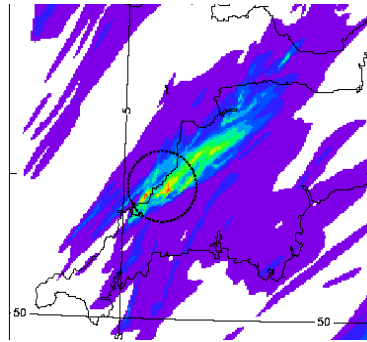
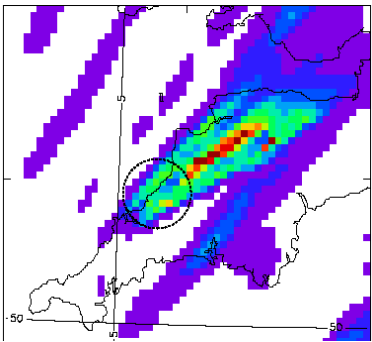
Our longer term Forecasting Strategy...

Now

2009

2011/12

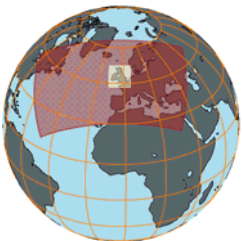
2014



4km UK

1.5km UK

1.5km UK Ensemble



- 40km Global
- 12km NAE
- 24km NAE Ensemble



- 25km Global
- 12km NAE
- 16km NAE Ensemble



- 16km Global
- (12km NAE)
- 12km NAE Ensemble



Addressing the Scalability Challenge

- Our mid-life upgrade gives a big scalability challenge
- By 2013 may need to run UM on 50-100k cores
- EPSRC funded project “Towards Generic Scalability of the UM”
- Small team focussed on performance and scalability for all Met Office applications
- IBM application consultancy
- Collaboration



Questions and answers