Outcomes of the CDS **Technical Infrastructure** Workshop

Baudouin Raoult

Baudouin.raoult@ecmwf.int

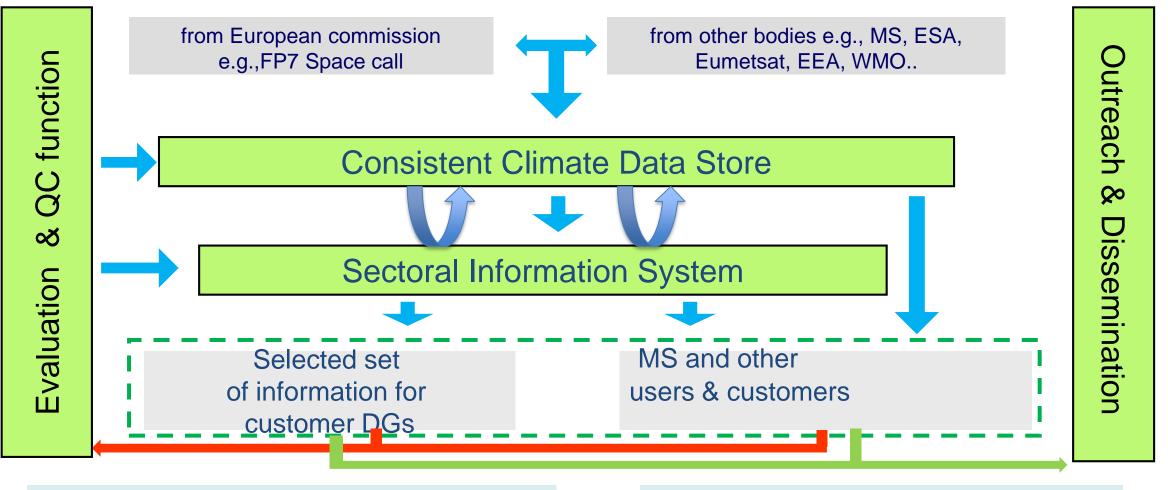








C3S architecture



Monitoring, QC of the service and feedbacks to production or R&D

Education, general public and authorities, reports, media, bulletin







- ... the service draws upon the outcome of the FP7 Copernicus precursor projects ...
- (products)... will have to be accessible in an **operational** way
- ...technical development, maintenance and governance efforts will be required from the data providers to ensure fully compliance with the C3S requirements



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- The EQC will ... monitor ... using standard key performance indicators
 - ... technical quality of service as measured by timeliness, number of interruptions, response time for troubleshooting...
 - ...quality of products through statistical comparison with observed quantities;
 - ...quality of information made publicly available ...
 - ...uptake of services and products by users: ...unique visitors on the web portal, downloads, data volumes...



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- ...access to the products for **authenticated users**
 - ... single logon across the Copernicus programme (mid-term)
- ...identification of backup solutions regarding the provision of information populating the CDS and the SIS
- ... the provision of a technical user support and help desk facility...







- Timely acquisition of state-of-the-art climate information from various data providers, and the development and maintenance of the C3S catalogue content
- The information delivered to the end-user is fully traceable, quality controlled and disseminated within the most appropriate time
- To ensure uptake of climate information by downstream users, climate toolboxes will be developed and maintained







Requirements for the Climate Data Store

• Be distributed

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- **Reuse** existing systems when possible
- ... But **should not** be a mere collection of heterogeneous systems:
 - The user should have a **consistent** view of all data and services available through the CDS







Main challenges

- Diversity of **users**
 - Scientist to policy makers
- Diversity of volumes
 - PB to KB
- Diversity of **products**
 - Raw to elaborated

Scientists, Pbytes, Raw data

Policy maker, Mbytes, Simple plot

Data (PB)













What is a PiB? (Assuming reading from/writing to disk at 100 MiB/s)

	Bytes	Seconds	Days	Months
MiB	1,048,576	0.01		
GiB	1,073,741,824	~10		
TiB	1,099,511,627,776	10,485	0.12	
PiB	1,125,899,906,842,624	10,737,418	124	> 4

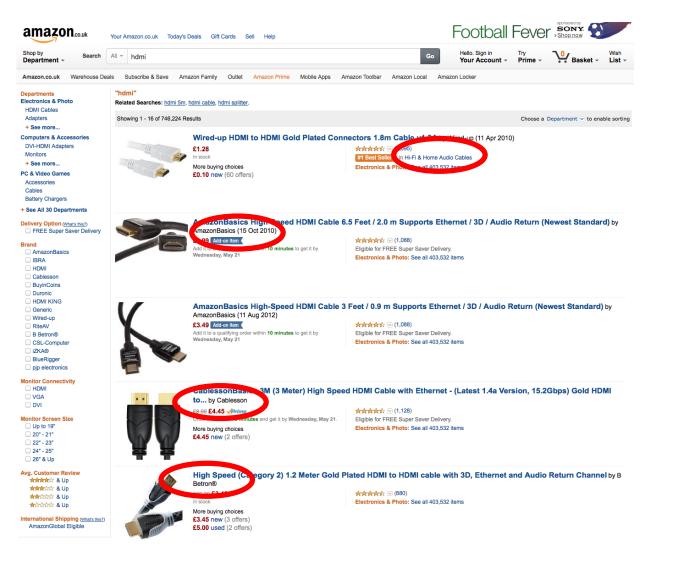


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Example: Amazon marketplace





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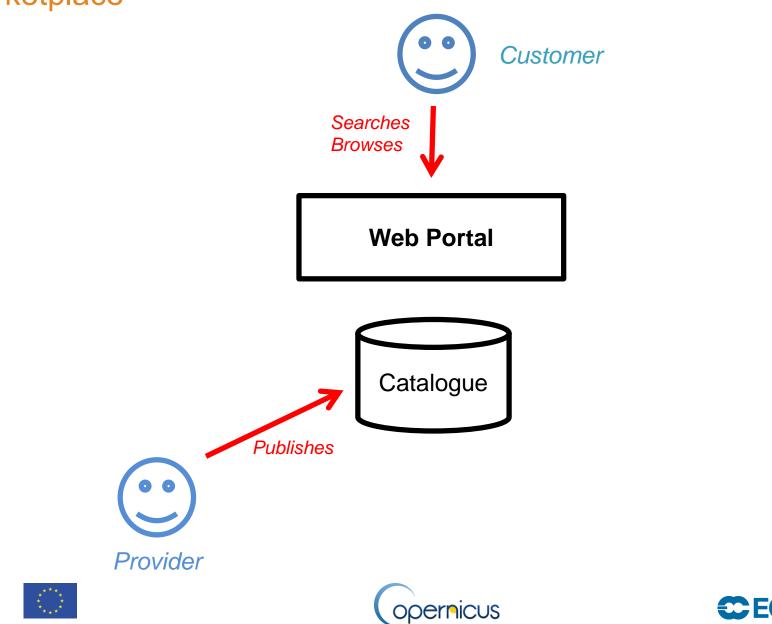
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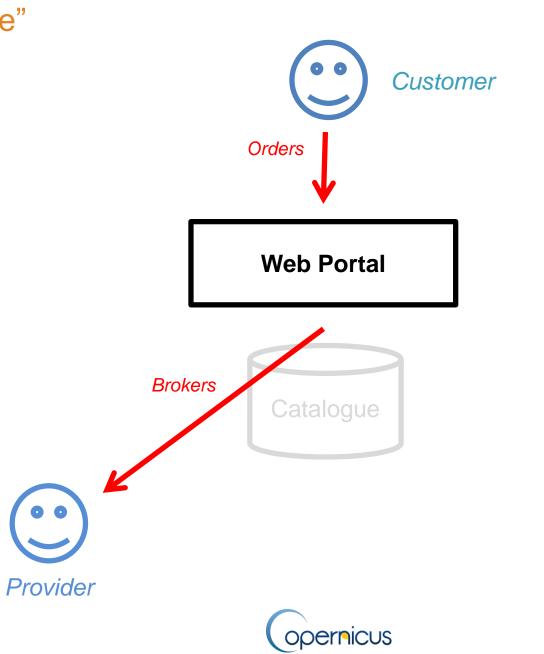


A "Marketplace"

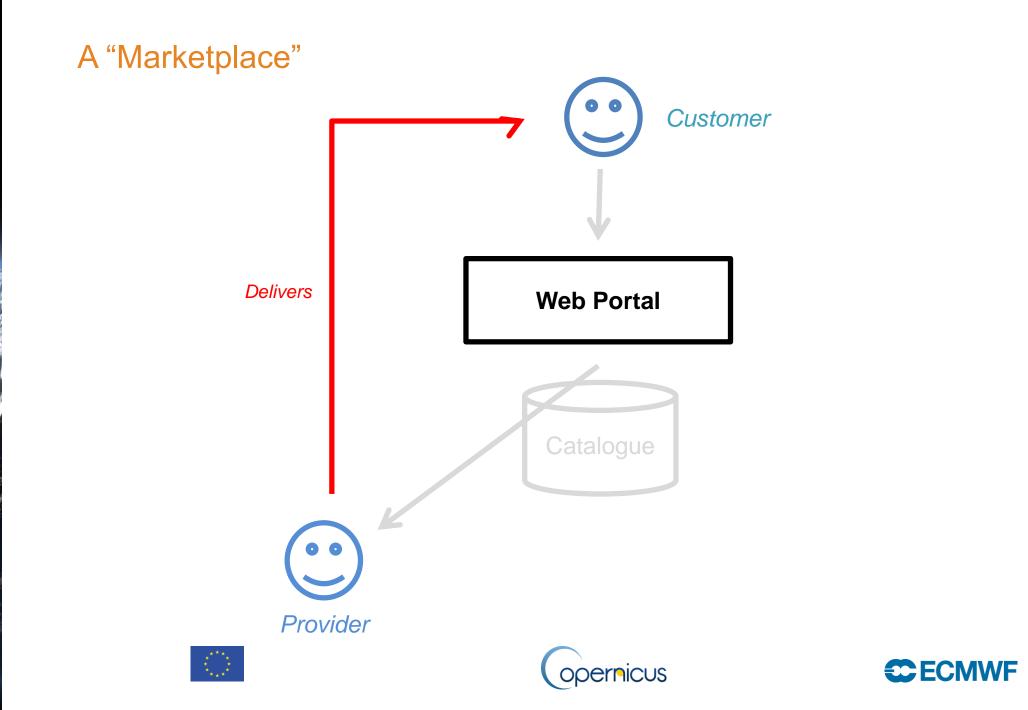


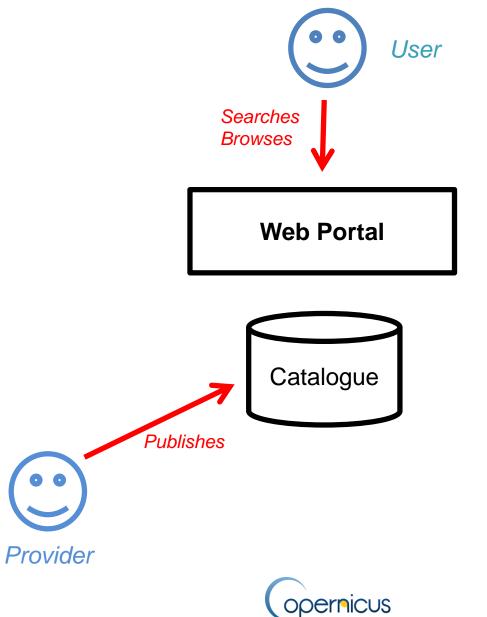
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A "Marketplace"



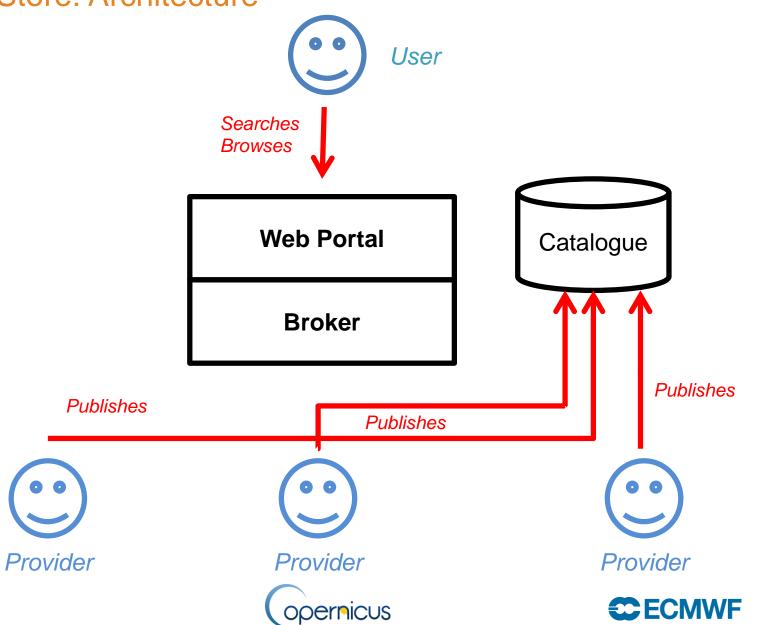


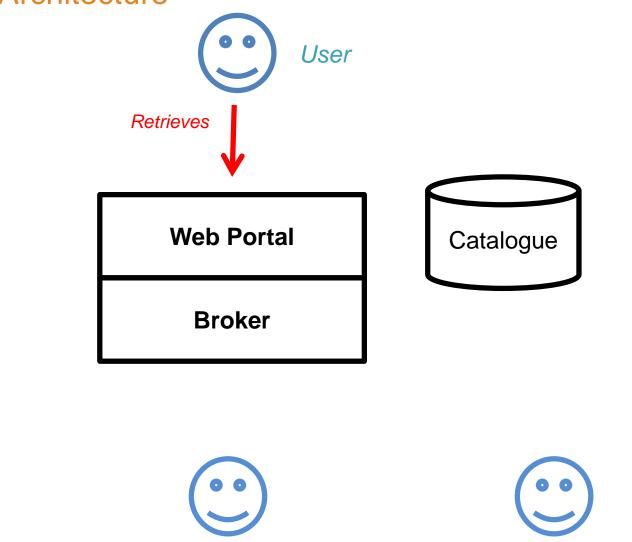












Provider

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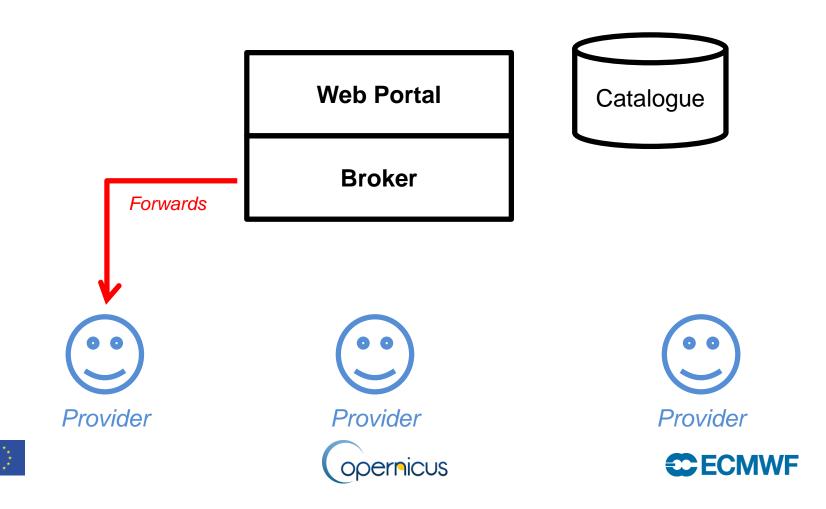


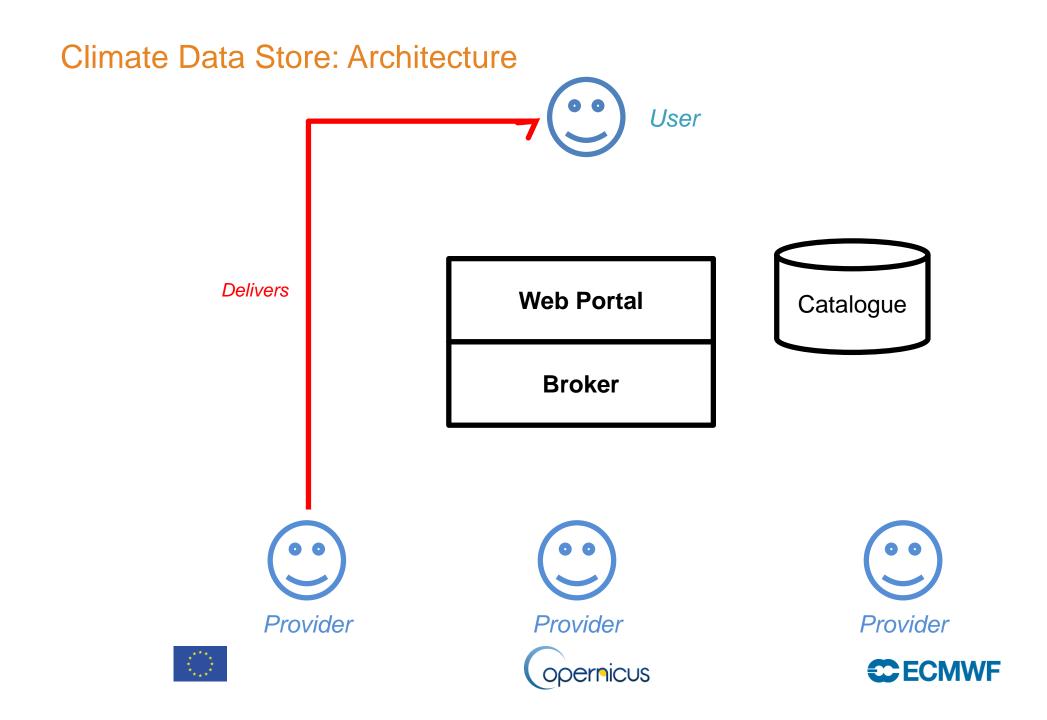
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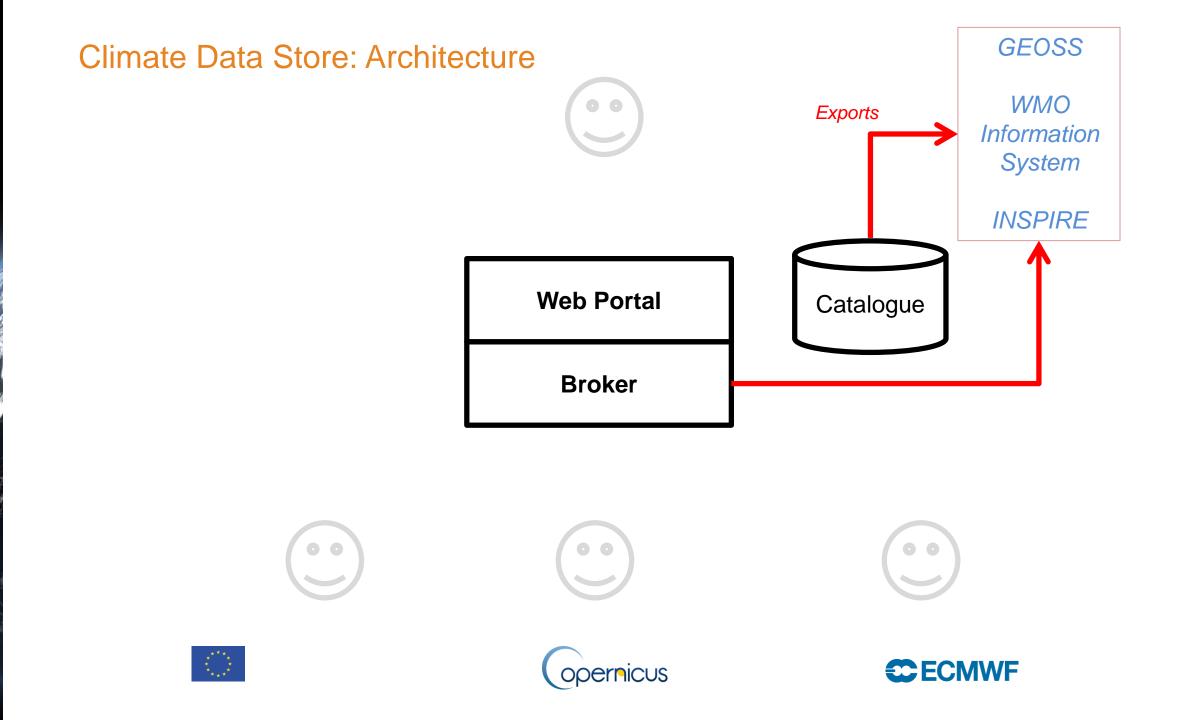






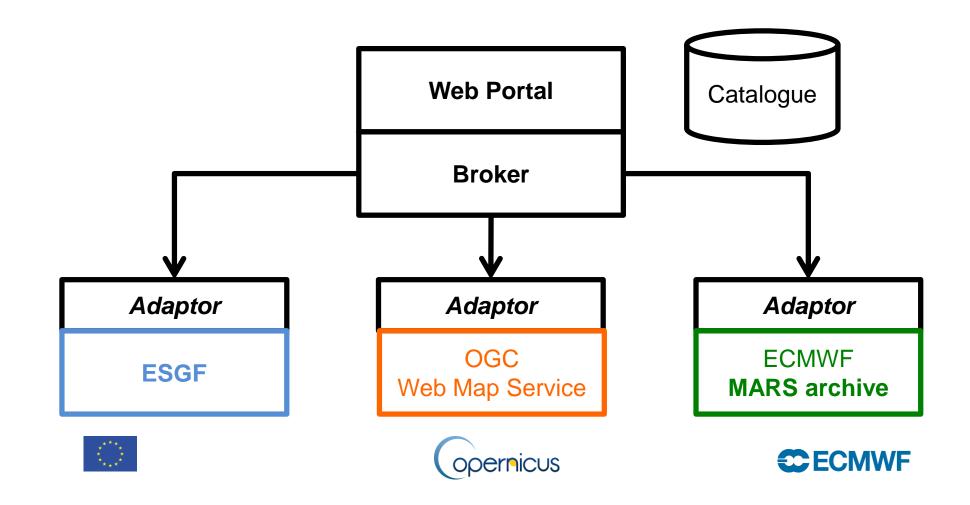






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• ECMWF could host new services when **no** infrastructure exists

• Adaptors are **not limited** to data provision

- They will contribute to the "C3S toolbox"
- As for data, services are invoked by the broker



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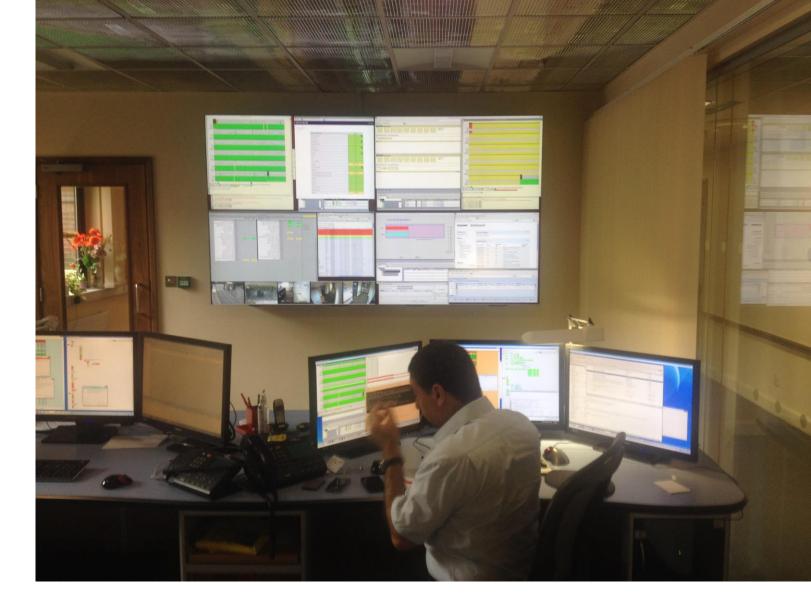




Operational?

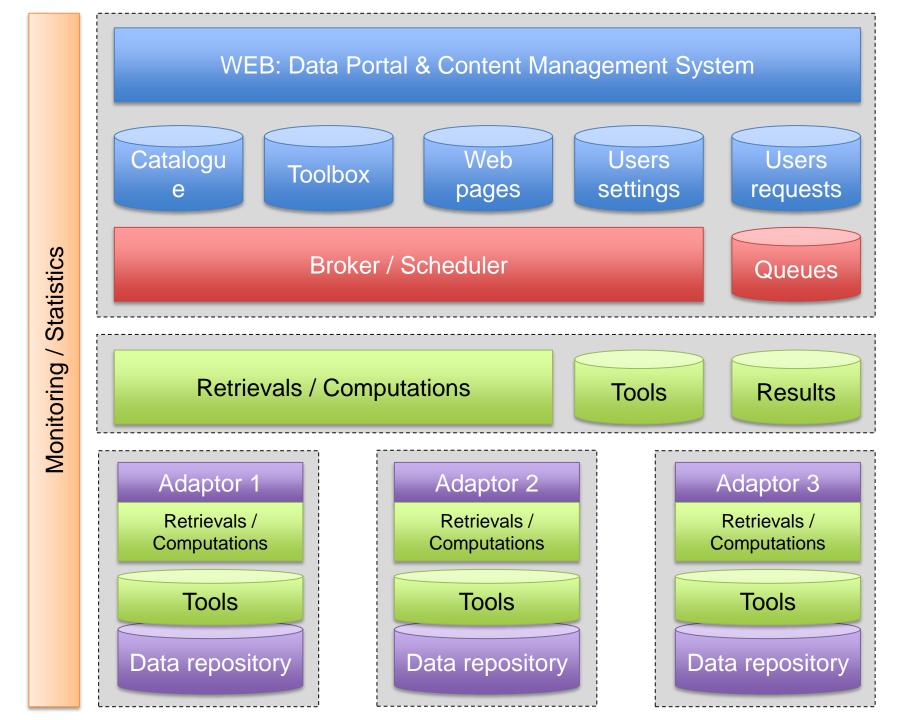
- Monitoring
- Reporting
 - Capacity planning
 - Usage statistics
- Service level agreement
- On-call and support
- Help desk
- High-availability
- Backup



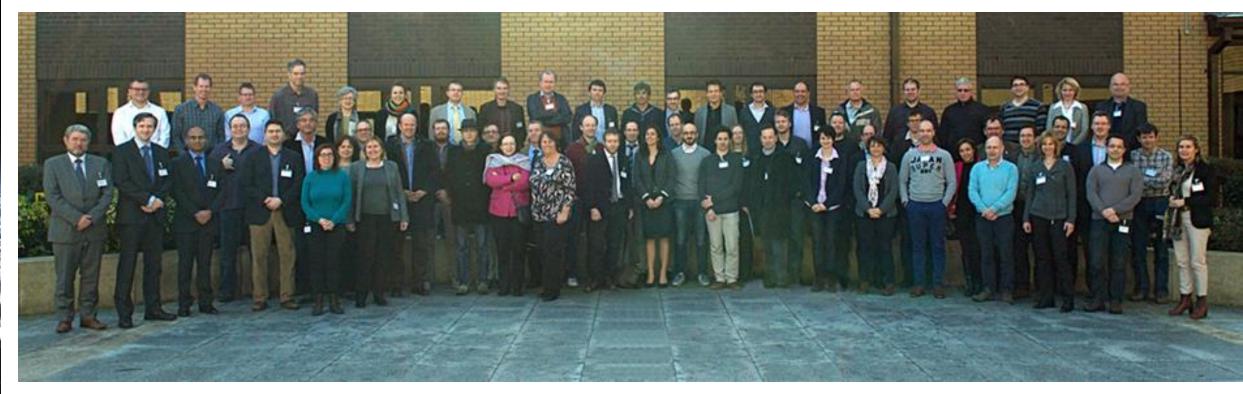








ECMWF CDS Workshop, 3-6 March 2015



- 70 participants: EU institutions, NMSs, research institutes and commercial companies
- 19 countries
- 40 presentations (4 via videoconferencing)







About the CDS workshop

• Aim: discuss the development of the C3S software infrastructure

• Three **themes**:

- User expectations
- Existing Climate Service Providers
- Industry Perspectives
- Working **groups**

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- Catalogue and Portal
- The 'Toolbox'
- Content, Standards and Interoperability.







Findings and recommendations: Portal

- Portal must be continuously improved based on feedback
 - User engagement is the key to building the CDS
- User interface must be **customisable** by user
- Provide **different views** to different users
 - Depending on their level of expertise and domain knowledge
- It should be possible to browse the content of the CDS without login
- Any registration requirement should be as simple as possible
- Login will be required to get access to actual data, products and services
 - Access statistics can be collected, for reporting and capacity planning







Findings and recommendations: User community

User forum

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- Training facility
- User should learn by example
 - A series of **use cases** should be presented
- Web based help desk for support
- "Find an expert" facility must be provided
 - A knowledgeable source on how to interpret data and products from the CDS







Findings and recommendations: Presentation

- Graphical data must be presented to the users in a consistent manner, to ensure a unified "look and feel"
- Presentation of information about uncertainties to non-expert users will need special consideration.



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Findings and recommendations: Data and products

- Data in the CDS will primarily be in **binary** form
 - Support for text documents provided they are supplied with adequate metadata

- No conclusion on whether or not socio-economic data should be hosted by the CDS
- Limited to provision of URL







Findings and recommendations: Metadata

• Suppliers to the CDS will have to follow agreed data management principles

• Provision of detailed and accurate **metadata** information

• All data and products should be referenced by a Digital Object Identifier (DOI)







Findings and recommendations: Data Policy

• All content of the CDS should be freely available without restriction (Open Data)

• Support for commercial data and products will be considered at a later stage.



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Findings and recommendations: Toolbox

• Ability to **visualise** them data product in the data portal

- Ability to download data **must include** facilities for:
 - Sub-setting large datasets,
 - **Re-gridding**/re-projecting gridded products
 - Performing format conversions



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Findings and recommendations: Toolbox

- More **advanced** tools (the "**Toolbox**") will be provided:
 - Users will be able to **download** these tools

....or...

- Invoke them from the data portal:
 - A list of predefined workflows that can be parameterised
 - Workflows operate **directly** on the data and products in the CDS
- Toolbox should preserve quality information associated with the input data
- Results of the workflows should be available for visualisation in the portal
- Tools could be based on CDO, NCO, Metview, etc.







Findings and recommendations: Toolbox (cont.)

 Providing users with the possibility to upload their own data as input of these tools raises several issues that will have to be considered carefully

 Similarly, whether or not the results of these workflows can become part of the CDS should be reviewed at a later stage







Findings and recommendations: Quality of Service

- An expected large number of users will be using the system simultaneously
- No one should accidentally (or maliciously) bring the system down by submitting unreasonable requests
- Workflows will run under a scheduler with controlled quality of service based on queues, limits and priorities

Caching of results will also contribute to the performance of the toolbox



1 Contraction





Findings and recommendations: Machine to machine access

- A web-based API should be provided to allow bulk downloads and scripted access to the CDS.
- The R and Python programming are good candidates to interact programmatically with the CDS



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Findings and recommendations: Cloud Computing

 Cloud infrastructure (private, public or hybrid) must be envisaged for running the workflows







Findings and recommendations: Interoperability

- Other Copernicus services
- INSPIRE
- GEOSS
- WIS
- GFCS
- WCRP







Findings and recommendations: Standards

- The use of standards is essential to ensure interoperability between the CDS and its suppliers, as well as between the CDS and its users
- Standards:
 - ISO (ISO-19115)
 - OGC (WMS, WPS, ...)
 - WMO (GRIB, BUFR)
 - Unidata (NetCDF, CF)
- C3S should keep a close link to the relevant standardisation committees
- SIS users and providers may also be able to provide advice on issues of governance and relevant standards from their own specific domains







Findings and recommendations: Monitoring

• The CDS is continually monitored and assessed

- A number of key performance indicators (KPIs) must be defined for this purpose.
 - E.g. year-on-year increase in the number of active users



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Findings and recommendations: Implementation

- Initial development of the CDS is to start with a set of basic functionalities
 - Allowing early users to provide **feedback**...
 - ...and then implement more advanced features over time

- ECMWF must work in **close collaboration** with competitively selected **contractors** to implement the CDS in an **iterative fashion**
 - An agile development methodology is preferred



A CONTRACT





TENDER 1

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- A distributed data store that will be built upon existing infrastructures available at each of the suppliers.
- A toolbox that will contain software components that can be used to perform computations on the content of the data store, in a distributed fashion, under strictly controlled quality of service constraints;
- A centralised catalogue that will describe the holdings of the distributed data store, as well as the tools available in the toolbox;
- A broker that will forward data and services requests to the relevant suppliers;
- A web portal that will allow users to discover and interact with the content of the climate data store. This will enable users to browse and search the catalogue, submit data requests and perform computations on these data. The portal will also act as a content management system, in order to provide documentation, training material, support pages, etc.
- Consider use of Cloud Computing for the computations







TENDER 2:

- Tools that perform basic operations on data (e.g. statistics, values at points,...)
- Workflows that combine tools by chaining them
- Applications that make use of workflows and selected data and products of the CDS, to build interactive web-page allowing end-users to interact with the CDS
- Users will also be able to **share** with other users applications they have developed
- Study how workflows can be orchestrated so that computation to be performed close to the data and data transfers to be minimised
- Implement a series of reference applications that will demonstrate all functions offered by the toolbox
- Study "Big Data" techniques, such as map-reduce, can be applied to the CDS, and what are the implications on the infrastructure







Questions?





