

Iris A python package for the analysis and visualisation of Meteorological data

30th Sept 2015

www.metoffice.gov.uk



- What is Iris?
- Iris demo
- Using Iris for novel analysis
- Opportunities for combining Iris with other tools

Audience of this talk:

• Those who write code to do data analysis and visualisation



What is











CF Metadata NetCDF Climate and Forecast Metadata Convention





What is



Iris?





www.metoffice.gov.uk





Loading a cube



Plotting with matplotlib

Met Office

- >>> import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 >>> import iris.quickplot as qplt
- >>> qplt.pcolormesh(air_temp, cmap='RdBu_r')
 >>> plt.gca().coastlines()





Output:

- PNG
- PDFPS



Regridding and interpolation

>>> mslp_euro = iris.load_cube(filename2)

```
>>> air_temp_euro = air_temp.regrid(mslp_euro,
Linear())
```

Typically, Iris takes cubes as input, and returns cubes as output.



Maps with cartopy

Maps in Iris are drawn by cartopy, a python package developed to solve common dateline and pole problems seen with traditional mapping libraries.





>>> from cartopy.crs as ccrs

>>> ax = plt.axes(projection=ccrs.NorthPolarStereo())
>>> qplt.pcolormesh(air_temp_euro, cmap='RdBu_r')

```
>>> ax.coastlines('50m')
>>> ax.gridlines()
```





MOGREPS-G Cyclone Database



An algorithm to identify and track fronts and cyclonic features, based on:

Hewson, T.D. & H.A. Titley, 2010: Objective identification, typing and tracking of the complete life-cycles of cyclonic features at high spatial resolution. Meteorol. Appl., 17, 355-381.



Implementing the algorithm

Load the phenomenon



• Regrid and interpolate data to specific to vertical levels



 Compute isolines for locating phenomenon + isosurfaces for masking phenomenon, based on thresholds from paper





• Compute intersection of isosurfaces and isolines to identify cyclonic features

Shapely



Classify cyclonic features based on phenomenon values



• Visualise cyclonic features and the underlying diagnostics









Barotropic Lows Frontal Waves Diminutive Waves



• Visualise fronts as a spaghetti plot



VT Mon 21/09/2015 00UTC from DT Mon 21/09/2015 00UTC (T+0)

Matplotlib







Opportunities within Python

Recent GIS tools:

- Shapely
- Cartopy
- Fiona
- RasterIO
- QGIS

US States which intersect the track of Hurricane Katrina (2005)



http://scitools.org.uk/cartopy/docs/latest/examples/hurricane_katrina.html

A recent publication combining shapely and Iris to assess the skill of seasonal prediction of Hurricane landfall frequencies in the North Atlantic:

Camp, J., Roberts, M., MacLachlan, C., Wallace, E., Hermanson, L., Brookshaw, A., Arribas, A., Scaife, A. A., Mar. 2015. *Seasonal forecasting of tropical storms using the Met Office GloSea5 seasonal forecast system*. Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society



Opportunities within Python

Large data manipulation:

- Cython
- Numba
- Biggus
- Dask

Tools to optimise slow for-loops using static typing and JIT compilation for C-like performance



Opportunities within Python

Large data manipulation:

- Cython
- Numba
- Biggus
- Dask



```
>>> print(data)
<Array shape=(80640, 4, 144, 192)
dtype=dtype('float32') size=33.22 GiB>
```

```
>>> stats = [biggus.mean(data, axis=0),
biggus.max(data, axis=0),
biggus.min(data, axis=0)]
```

>>> biggus.ndarrays(stats)

Result in ~4m45s on an Intel Xeon E5520 with 8GiB memory, bound by I/O not CPU.

Iris is using Biggus for many of it operations. This means that we can load, analyse and save cubes way beyond the available system memory.



Installing Iris

conda install iris --channel SciTools

Conda can be downloaded as part of "miniconda": http://conda.pydata.org/miniconda.html

www.metoffice.gov.uk



Questions

Further reading: github.com/scitools/courses

Links from presentation: github.com/pelson/ecmwf-vis-2015

www.metoffice.gov.uk

Github: github.com/pelson Twitter: @pypelson