### Comprehensive study of the calibrated EPS products

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**Hungarian Meteorological Service** 

Thanks to

Máté Mile Zoltán Üveges

&

Gergő Kiss Mihály Szűcs



#### **Topics**

- 15 day VarEPS introduced at the ECMWF
   28 November 2006
- 11 March 2008 Unified VarEPS & Monthly Forecasting System providing reforecast dataset at the ECMWF
- EPS calibration using reforecast dataset at the Hungarian Meteorological Service
- Calibration of the multimodel seasonal forecasts



## 15 day VarEPS introduced at the ECMWF 28 November 2006

http://www.ecmwf.int/products/changes/vareps/

This new system is characterized by a variable resolution during the forecast period (higher in early forecast range) instead of a constant resolution like EPS.

Thus, the forecast range covered by VarEPS was extended to 15 days with TL399L62 (day 0-10)

and TL255L62 (day 9-15).

see ECMWF Newsletter No. 108 for more detailed information /Buizza et. al., p 14-19/

http://www.ecmwf.int/publications/newsletters/





# Unified VarEPS & Monthly Forecasting System providing reforecast dataset at the ECMWF 11 March 2008

http://www.ecmwf.int/products/changes/vareps-monthly/

System (VarEPS) and monthly forecasting into a single system. On Thursday of each week, the 00 UTC VarEPS forecast are extended from 15 to 32 days at a resolution of T255 L62 with ocean coupling introduced from day 10.



#### **EPS** calibration

Hamill, T.M. and J.S. Whitaker, 2007: Ensemble calibration of 500 hPa geopotential height and 850 hPa and 2-metre temperature using reforecasts. Mon. Wea. Rev., 135, 3273-3280

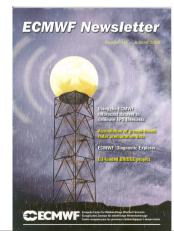
Hamill, T.M., Hagedorm, R. and J.S. Whitaker, 2007: Probalistic Forecast Calibration: Using ECMWF and GFS Ensemble Reforecasts. Part II: Precipitation. Mon. Wea. Rev., 136. 2620-2632

Ihász, I., 2007: Experiences using VarEPS products at the Hungarian Meteorological Service: Proceedings of the Eleventh ECMWF Workshop on Meteorological Operational Systems, Reading UK,

*Ihász I. and Mile M.*, 2008:

Calibration of ECMWF ensemble precipitation forecasts for hydrological purposes at the Hungarian Meteorological Service. *Proceedings of the XXIV Conference of the Danubian Countries*.

ECMWF Newsletter: 117 Autumn 2008
Hagedorn, R.,2008: Using the ECMWF
reforecast dataset to calibrate EPS forecasts
ECMWF Newsletter 117, 8-13
http://www.ecmwf.int/publications/newsletters/





## Calibration using reforecast dataset at the HMS

Thanks to Máté Mile and Zoltán Üveges /VarEPS & Monthly/ Gergő Kiss and Mihály Szűcs /seasonal forecasts/

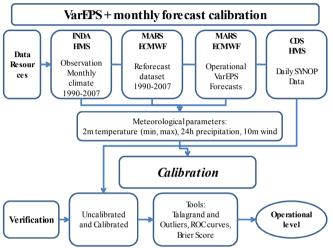
- Questions on generating model climate
- 1. VarEPS & Monthly forecast
  - ECMWF reforecast dataset last 18 years 1991-2008
  - Calibration method, meteorological parameters
  - Typical model and observation distributions
  - Results, verification, EPS plumes, fields, ...
- 2. Seasonal forecast /EUROSIP multimodel EPS/



- Questions on generating model climate
  - •1. Simple model statistics
  - •2. Reforecast
- ECMWF reforecast dataset 1991-2008
  - •+/- two weeks around current Thursday 5 member EPS model run up to 768 h 6 hourly
- Calibration method, meteorological parameters
  - •2m temperature at 00, 06, 12, 18 UTC
  - Minimum & maximum temperature
  - •Wind speed at 00, 06, 12, 18 UTC
  - •24 h accumulated precipitation
    12th Workshop on Meteorological Operational Systems, Reading

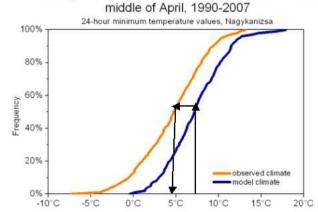


VarEPS & Monthly forecasts (cont)





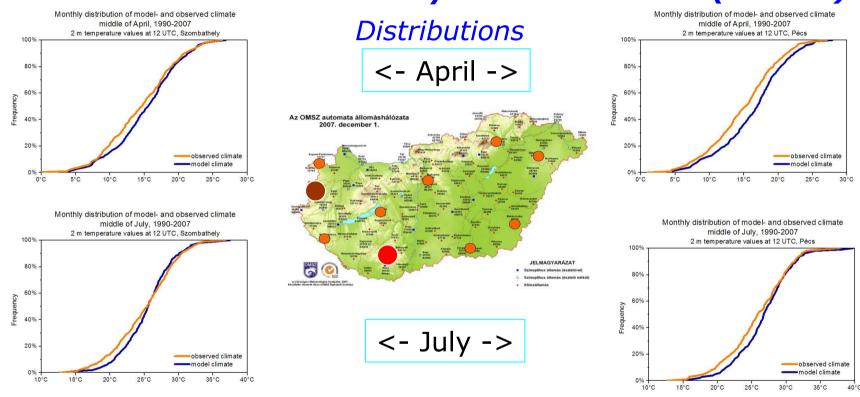
10 selected Hungarian stations



Monthly distribution of model- and observed climate

Schematic flow of the calibration





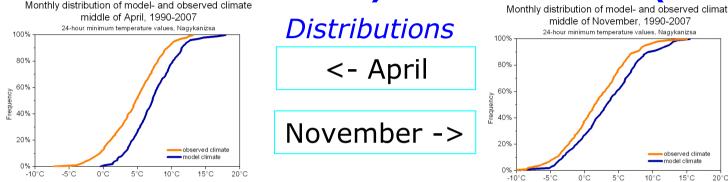
Monthly distribution of 2 m temperature at 12 UTC:

blue - model climate: orange - observed climate:

(Szombathely and Pécs: April /upper row/ and July /lower row/)



VarEPS & Monthly forecasts (cont)



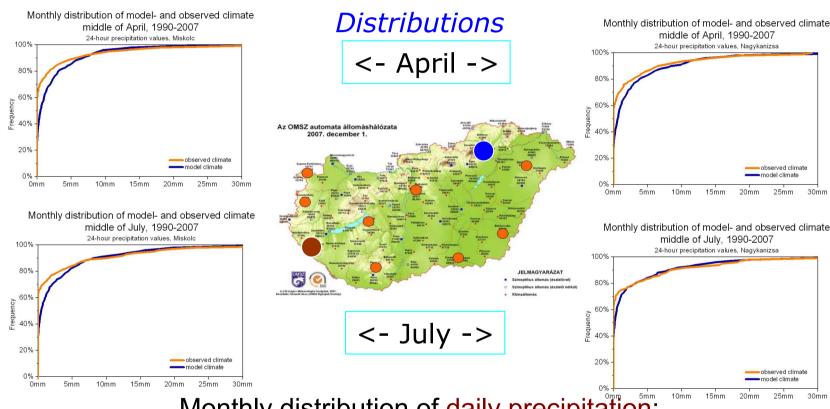
Monthly distribution of minimum temperature:

blue - model climate: orange - observed climate:

(Nagykanizsa: April and November)





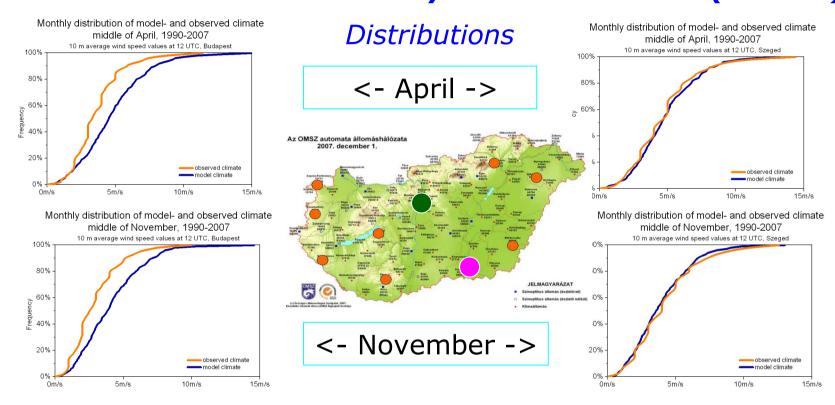


Monthly distribution of daily precipitation:

blue - model climate: orange - observed climate:

(Miskolc and Nagykanizsa: April /upper row/ and July /lower row/)





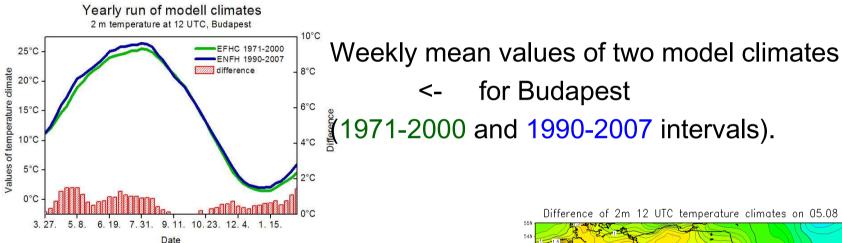
Monthly distribution of <u>10 m wind speed 12 UTC</u>:

blue - model climate: orange - observed climate:

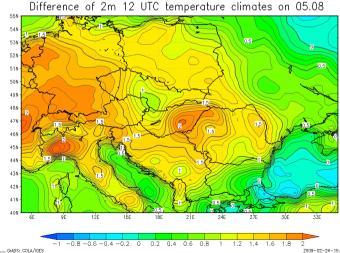
(Budapest and Szeged: April /upper raw/ and November /lower raw/)



Comparison of two reforecast model climates



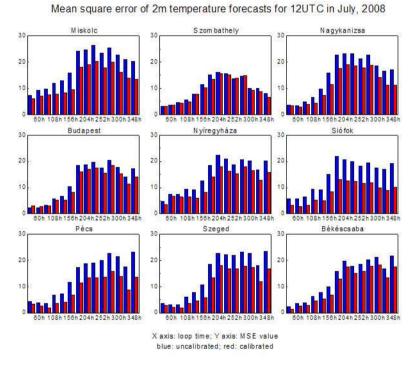
Difference of two model climates in the original intervals -> at second week of May





#### VarEPS & Monthly forecasts (cont)

<u>Verification</u> – RMSE of ensemble mean



Mean square error of uncalibrated (blue boxes) and calibrated (red boxes) 2m temperature at 12 UTC between +36 and +348 hours with +24 h resolution.



<u>Verification</u> – Talagrand diagram



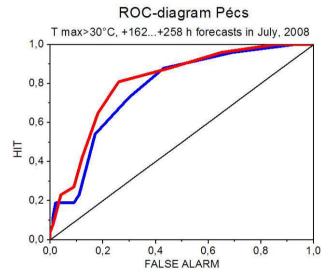
Talagrand diagrams of uncalibrated (blue boxes) and calibrated (red boxes)

2m temperature at 12 UTC: Miskolc and Pécs (+84 h forecast)

/June – August 2008/



<u>Verification</u> – ROC diagram



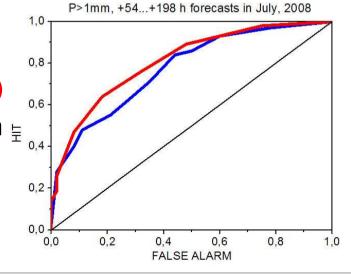
uncalibrated (blue line) and calibrated (red line)

temperature at 12 UTC when forecast
is above 30 degrees Pécs
(+162-258 h timestep) July 2008

uncalibrated (blue line) and calibrated (red line)

24 h precipitation when forecast is above 1 mm =

Budapest (+54-198 h timestep)

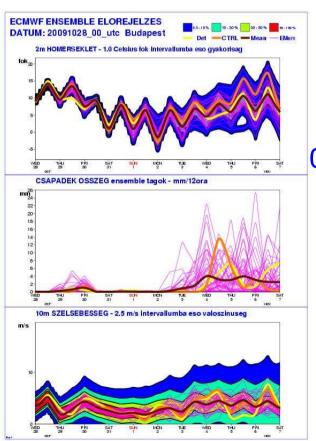


ROC-diagram Budapest



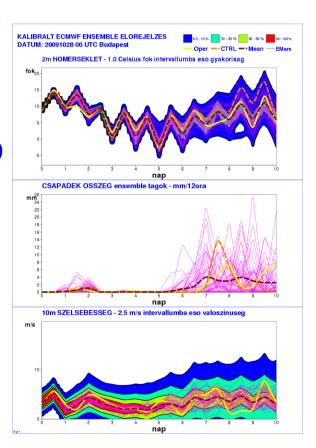
#### VarEPS & Monthly forecasts (cont)

<u>Operational application</u> – EPS plumes



00 UtC 28 October 2009







#### VarEPS & Monthly forecasts (cont)

<u>Operational application</u> – calibrated fields

NW corner 49N 16E ,SE corner 46N , 23E

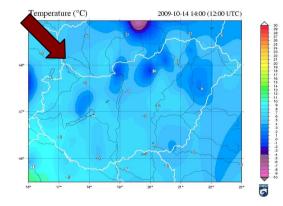
Uncalibrated

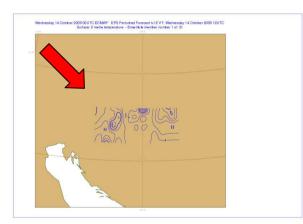
0.5\*0.5 degrees grid

based on 70 stations



#### Observation



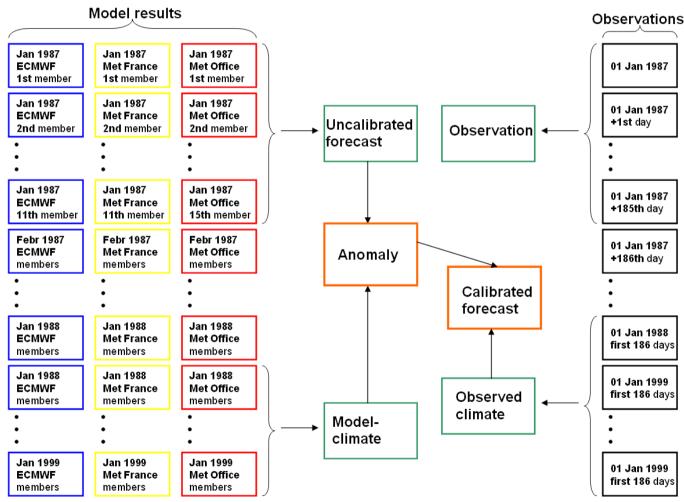


Calibrated

2m temperature: 00 UTC +12 h 14 October 2009 (EPS member Nr. 1)



#### ECMWF & EUROSIP multimodel seasonal forecasts





#### ECMWF & EUROSIP multimodel seasonal forecasts

http://www.ecmwf.int/products/forecasts/d/charts/seasonal/forecast
http://www.ecmwf.int/products/forecasts/seasonal/documentation/eurosip

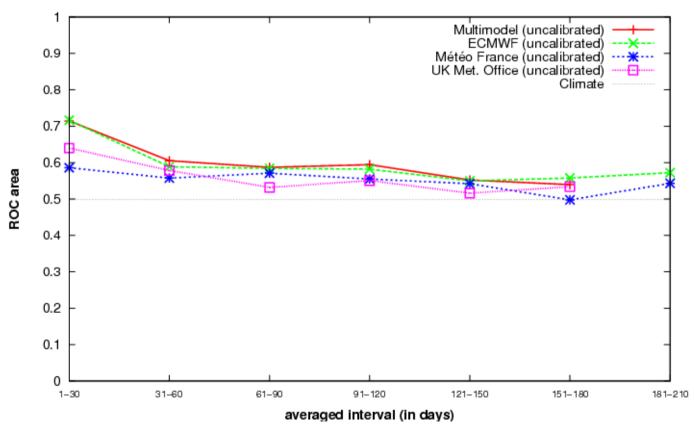
Mean Square Skill Score (MSSS) of the mean temperature. Verification of the forecasts issued for the 1987-1999 period. Applied model(s): ECMWF **FCMWF** ECMWF (bias corrected) 0.9 ECMWF (raw data) -----0.8 Simple bias correction 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 MSSS bias corrected forecast -0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4raw forecast -0.5-0.6-0.7-0.8 -0.91-30 31-60 61-90 91-120 121-150 151-180 181-210



averaged interval (in days)

#### EUROSIP multimodel seasonal forecasts

ROC area of the mean temperature.
Event: above average temperature
Verification of forecasts issued for the 1987–1999 period.



#### **ROC** area:

Event above
Average temperature
1987-1999

#### **Uncalibrated:**

**ECMWF** 

Meteo France

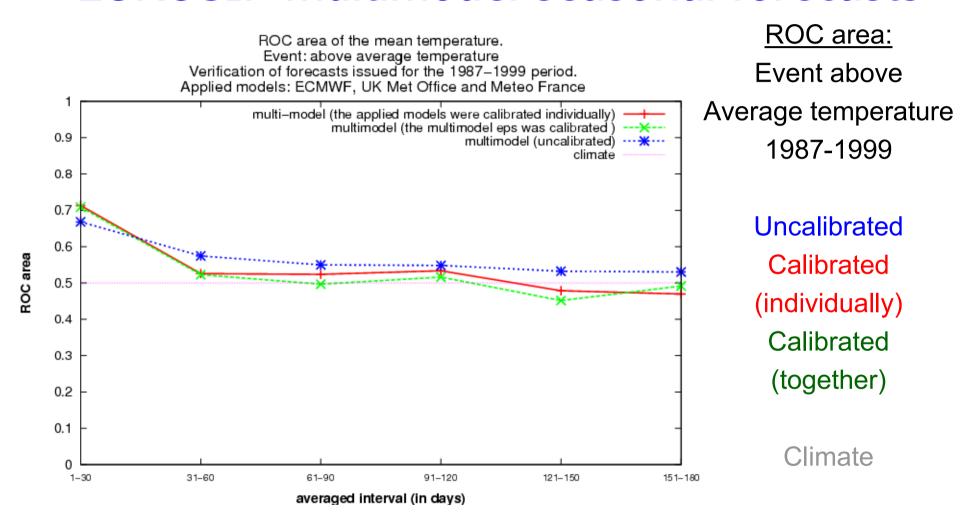
**UK Met. Office** 

Multimodel

Climate

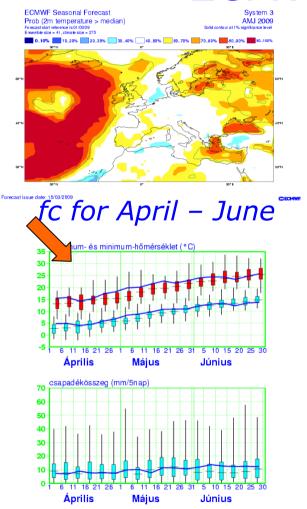


#### EUROSIP multimodel seasonal forecasts

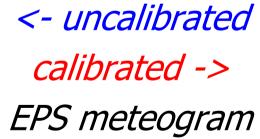


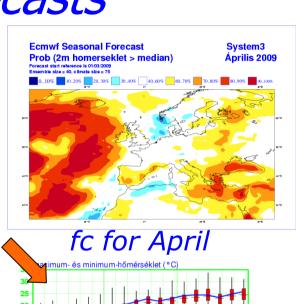


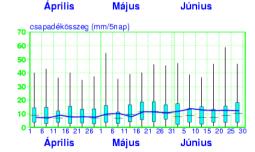
#### ECMWF seasonal forecasts



Case study: 15 March 2009









#### Thanks a lot for your attention



